The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY OCTOBER 10, 1907. NO. 39.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

On The Basis of

Careful and Conservative Management

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Invites Your Business.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier. A. Z. Schoch, President.

ARGUMENT COURT.

The regular monthly argument court was held on Monday.

Argument was heard in the motion for a new trial in the case of Wilbur C. Hower against the Town of Bloomsburg, in the trial of which the plaintiff was defeated at May court. Held under advisement.

The application for the transfer of the liquor license of the McHenry House, in Benton, from J. Boyd McHenry to Adam Mourey, was granted.

In re estate of John Getkin, petition for sale of real estate in Catawissa for payment of debts was presented.

P. W. Miller, guardian of Samuel Klace, a weak minded person, residing in Locust township, presented a petition for leave to borrow $150 for payment of debts of Klase for the past three years. Klase owns a 35 acre farm unencumbered.

In re estate of John Grey, deceased, petition of Joseph Fenstermacher, guardian of minors, for permission to unite with other heirs to sell real estate. Order filed.

In the matter of the motion of Tillman Rittenhouse, et al. vs. Peter H. Hewhard; No. 2, September 7, 1906, to continue preliminary injunction the court made this order:

"And now October 7, 1907, preliminary injunction continued until a final hearing has been held."

In the civil action of Samuel Longenberger vs. the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Co., a petition for bill of particulars was filed by the defendant. Rule granted.

In the estate of William Shaffer, deceased, Clinton Herring was continued as auditor with leave to file his report on the first Monday of December Court.

The following divorce cases were acted upon:

Viola Klinetob vs. Dennis Klinetob, both of Berwick; James M. Evans, master; divorce recommended.

Claude H. Houck vs. Alice M. Houck; Col. John G. Freeze, master; divorce recommended.

Emma Harmony vs. John Harmony, both of Bloomsburg; divorce recommended by H. A. M'Killip, master.

Annie J. McLoughlin vs. Lucian B. McLoughlin, both of Berwick; divorce recommended; H. R. Stees, master.

In the divorce case of W. H. Lewis vs. Elizabeth Lewis, Clinton Herring was continued as master to report at the December Court.

Argument was heard in the case of A. W. Welliver vs. Irondale Electric Light Co. and in the petition of residents of Beaver township for the appointment of an inspector for a new school building. Decisions reserved.

ANOTHER METEOR.

A meteor, traveling toward the southwest, passed over Bloomsburg Saturday night, at 9:55 o'clock. Many persons who were on the street saw the flying body, their attention being directed to it in their search for the source of a light which suddenly illumined the sky.

So bright was the meteor that it cast shadows on the streets. It looked to be about a hundred feet high. Behind it trailed a tail of light, as wide as the meteor, immediately back of it, and tapering to a point.

After the main body had passed out of sight small particles looking like sparks were seen. No noise was heard, so that the meteor was probably very high. It passed over here towards Catawissa.

KIND WORDS.

Geo. E. Elwell, editor of *The Columbian*, last week completed 32 years in the editorial harness, and is still alive and enjoying good health. The editor of the NEWS ITEM completed 34 years of life in a newspaper office last spring, and is also alive and can enjoy three meals a day. We ought to give thanks, George.

—*Catawissa News-Item.*

Last week George E. Elwell, editor of the Bloomsburg Columbian, completed his thirty-second year in the editorial harness. He is as vigorous as ever, and the *Columbian* under his guidance is one of the most respected weeklies of the state. To some of the youngsters who are dabbling in editorial work these days Mr. Elwell has been a kind and painstaking tutor, and his ability and example have done much toward inspiring the "boys" of his printing office along the path of newspaper undertaking.—*Williamsport Sun.*

[One of the graduates of this office in whom we take the most pride, is Elmer E. Person, the writer of the above article, now editor of the *Sun.*]

With yesterday's issue of the *Columbian* Editor Geo. E. Elwell rounded out thirty-two years in the editorial chair. Mr. Elwell is doubtful as to whether it has paid or not, but the writer, younger in years, takes issue and assures Mr. Elwell it has paid. Basing the statement upon the observations of those years during which the writer has been grinding out copy he can say that Mr. Elwell's pen has always been used for the upbuilding of the community and for those ideals that make us a better people. If the respect and confidence of the community spells success, then the writer is confident that "it has paid" Mr. Elwell.—Bloomsburg *Morning Press.*

BAND CONCERT.

The Citizens Band made their first appearance with their new uniforms last Friday evening, and gave a concert on Market Square. A large crowd was present, and was delighted with the fine music. Under the direction of Prof. C. P. Elwell the following excellent program was rendered:

March, "Cremazie,".....*Ringnet*
Selection,....."The Royal Chef,"
Howard.
Intermezzo,....."Flying Arrow"
Holzman.
March, "Vanity Fair,".....*Elwell*
Waltzes...."A Southern Dream"
Lincoln.
"Soldiers' Chorus"....from Faust
Gounod.
"Entr' Acts" from Mlle. Modiste
Herbert.
"Oriental Dance" from Wonderland
Herbert.
Medley Overture "Arrah Wannah"
by request.....*Morse*
March, "Invincible Eagle"..*Sousa*
"Star Spangled Banner."

LOCK YOUR HOUSES.

People who go to the fair and leave their houses alone should see that all the back doors and windows are securely locked. Sneak thieves are always on hand during fair time.

Hospital Donation Day.

Donation Day at the Joseph Ratti Hospital will be observed Nov. 2. All friends of the hospital are urged to remember this date.

NEW RATES FOR ELECTRIC LIGHT

The United Gas and Electric Company has announced that beginning November 1st there will be no contract price for electric lights, and current will be furnished only by meter.

The following circular has been issued by them:

We desire to inform you that, beginning November 1st, 1907, this Company will discontinue furnishing electric current upon what is known as the "Flat Rate," which has been in vogue during the past four years, and that upon that date or as promptly thereafter as convenient, meters will be installed upon all service mains.

Current will be furnished upon the following schedule of rates: Nothing to 20 kw. inclusive, at 9c. per kw; 20 to 30 kw. inclusive, at 8c. per kw.; 30 to 50 kw. inclusive, at 7c. per kw.; 50 to 75 kw. inclusive, at 6c. per kw.; 75 to 100 kw. inclusive, at 5c. per kw.; over 100 kw. inclusive, at 4c. per kw.

Special rates for motor service upon application.

Minimum meter rate, 75c. per month.

Hereafter a charge of 15c. each will be made for lamp renewals except for lamps of special design, which will be furnished to the consumer at cost.

We trust our patrons will take into consideration the fact that for the past four years we have been supplying current at prices below the cost of manufacture, and upon flat rates which in many instances induced an abnormal waste of current, entailing consequent loss upon us.

Trusting that our past pleasant business relations may continue and that we may be favored with your valued patronage, which we assure you we shall endeavor to merit by prompt and efficient service, we are

Respectfully yours,
United Gas and Electric Company.

The Irondale Electric Light Company has made no flat rate contracts for some months past, and the few now existing will not be renewed at their expiration.

The people of Bloomsburg have been getting very cheap light through the competition between the two companies, and while it is not expected that high rates will be charged, the companies cannot be blamed for their decision hereafter to do business on a paying basis.

BOUNTIES PAID.

County Treasurer M. H. Rhodes paid out during the month of September $137 in bounties for wild animals—foxes, weasels, minks, etc. Of this number there were two foxes for which two dollars each is paid. The remainder was weasels and minks upon which a bounty of one dollar each is given. One would naturally suppose that with the advanced state of cultivation to which the land has attained that wild animals would be almost a minus quantity. The results, however, prove that there are some left. The weasels are the especial foe of the farmer as they depopulate his hen house and he is always ready to help exterminate them, especially when a bounty is paid for them.

HELD FOR COURT.

A. Dippery, an employee of the Magee Carpet Mill, was arrested on Monday on a charge of stealing several rugs at the mill. He was taken before Justice Jacoby who held him under $300 bail for his appearance at court. The accused was employed as a watchman.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR CONVENTION

The twentieth annual convention of the Columbia and Montour Christian Endeavor Union will be held at Espy, on Thursday and Friday, October 17 and 18. It will open on the 17th in the Lutheran Church at 7:30 in the evening. The morning session on the 18th will also be held in the Lutheran Church, and the afternoon and evening sessions in the Evangelical Church. An interesting program has been prepared.

The following are the district officers:

President, Rev. J. W. Thompson, Berwick. Vice President (Columbia), Rev. J. E. Byers, Bloomsburg. Vice President (Montour), Rev. Harry Minsker, Danville. Secretary, Miss Ida Herring, Bloomsburg. Treasurer, Miss Martha Powell, Bloomsburg.

DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENTS.

Evangelistic, Rev. J. E. Guy, Danville. Missionary, Rev. H E. Harman, W. Berwick. Good Citizenship, Prof. A. U. Lesher, Berwick. Junior Work, Mrs. R. E. Bomboy, Berwick. Correspondence, Miss Sarah Hinckley, Danville.

LOCAL COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Daniel Hughes, Lena Bundy, Mrs. Wolf, Fannie Kline, Mrs. Kinney Creasy, Mary Hidlay, Ada Shaffer, Emma Jacobs, Lucy Burlingame, Belva Tronsue, Mrs. J. O. Biggs, Aleta Bomboy.

Delegates are requested to send their names to Miss Lena Bundy not later than Oct. 11.

HORSES ENTERED FOR RACES.

There are eighty-four horses entered in the various classes for the races this week. Among them are some horses with a record of 2.07 and 2.08 in the free-for-all.

The races will be as follows:

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9.

2.18 class, Pacing purse $400; 20 entries.

2.27 class, Trotting, purse $400; 8 entries.

2.25 class, Pacing, purse $400; 13 entries.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10.

2.12 class, Pacing, purse $500; 13 entries.

2.16 class, Trotting, purse $500; 12 entries.

2.21 class, Pacing, purse $400; 21 entries.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11.

Free for all, purse $600; 11 entries.

2.20 class, Trotting, purse $400; 15 entries.

2.15 class, Pacing, purse $500; 15 entries.

LOOK OUT FOR PICKPOCKETS.

Notwithstanding an enlarged police force and the presence of special detectives, the town will be infested this week with pickpockets, sneak thieves, and crooks of all kinds. Look out for them. Don't carry your money in an outside pocket. Every year at the fair their are reports of people who have lost money or watches.

As crowds are attending the moving picture shows nightly these light fingered fellows will probably try to get in some of their fine work there. Any one who is crowding and pushing and grumbling because he can't get past the jam to a front seat needs to be watched. Such places should have signs up cautioning their patrons against pickpockets, for some of these will be there.

CLOTHES OF QUALITY!

Dressed in one of our handsome Suits a Man will be his own letter of recommendation, for wisdom will tell you that, while good Clothes do not make the Man or break him, they give him a lift along the lane of life.

You see many well dressed Men on the street nowadays, and a large percentage of them are wearing our Clothes of Quality.

Suit Prices Range

$10, 12, 15 up to $30

Let Quality influence you and not the price.

So we ask you to come to see what the price will buy here in the way of Quality.

3 for 1 Trading Stamps Friday and Saturday

BEN GIDDING
Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits

At a meeting of representatives of the undersigned Banks of Bloomsburg, held July 1st, 1907, it was decided to allow interest on time deposits at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

Subject to the rules governing Savings or Interest bearing Deposits.

First National Bank
Farmers National Bank
Bloomsburg National Bank

CORRUPTION RAMPANT ON "THE HILL."

All Officialdom in Harrisburg is Putrid in Vice and Crime.

RASCALITY SANCTIONED

Big and Little Abuses Go On Under the Eyes of High Officials.—Promises of Reform Without Performances Admonish People, Only Remedy is Election of John G. Harman.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 9.

There are plenty of opportunities for reform on "The Hill," without waiting for the court proceedings in the graft cases. In fact Mr. Berry has just inaugurated a new line of improvement in the public service. It isn't a matter of vast importance but it is a "straw" which indicates the course and measures the velocity of the reform wind in official life. In fact you can sometimes get more information from small things than can be obtained from larger affairs. The smaller a crime the meaner it is at least some times.

Public patronage is the currency used by professional politicians to bribe men to perform political crimes. It was "the mysterious influence which changed a minority into a majority over night" in the convention which nominated Pennypacker for Governor in 1902. It was on account of the potentiality of this force in that way that offices have been multiplied so rapidly in recent years. The currupt State Highway Department is the spawn of that evil. The Bureau of Vital Statistics was created on that account and new and needless clerkships were authorized in all of the Departments in order to supply places for dependent politicians.

This "thirst for place" developed the evil which Mr. Berry has just attacked. It is an expedient to make one office satisfy two men. The plan is as simple as the practice is contemptible. For example there is an office which pays $5 a day. A man in Pittsburg or Philadelphia or elsewhere is appointed to the place. He remains at home attending to his own affairs and employs a resident of Harrisburg to perform the work for say $2 a day. The appointee has a "pudding." The substitute enjoys a "snap."

How Official Grafters Help the Party.

Both these agents of the "system" work their relatives and friends for the party. The $2 a day man in Harrisburg who does the work has a large family, as a rule, and not too easy a time making ends meet. His relatives hustle to "hold his job," and the grocer and butcher and baker who serve him are interested. The $3 a day man elsewhere "toils not, neither does he spin," but he chews the string of the pudding and enjoys the luxury of "easy money." Of course he works every possible means to continue the source of graft.

The law forbids this "farming" of public patronage and Mr. Berry has given notice that he will pay no employes who perform no work. He is entirely willing to pay the substitutes the full salary of the office because the law provides for it. But he is not willing to furnish the shysters with money coined from the sweat of the faces of others. The decision has created consternation among the beneficiaries of the "system." Every last man of them is ready to denounce Mr. Berry as a meddler. They are a unit against John G. Harman who would pursue the same wholesome policy.

The office holders are having other troubles at present, moreover. The collector of "voluntary contributions" is working the employes just now with a rigor never before witnessed. Within the last ten days every official on "The Hill" has been notified to pay a percentage of his salary into the campaign corruption fund. This is a good deal of a burden every year but this year it is worse than usual. Living is expensive and in addition to the contribution the clerk has to pay the expenses of a trip home to register and another to vote.

The Public Printing Conspiracy.

I have referred on two or three occasions to the State Printing job but thus far have been able to discover no signs that the reform impulses of the Governor have turned his energies toward the correction of this abuse. The present State Printer was the highest bidder for that juicy party plum instead of the lowest, as the law requires. The way it happened was this. Four or five men or firms bid for the contract and each deposited a bond for the performance of the work in the event the award was to him. The lowest bidder got the contract and the bonds of the others were returned to them.

Thus far the law had been scrupulously complied with. But the scheming set in at once. The lowest bidder made some absurd excuse for refusing to accept the award and it was offered to the next lowest bidder who also declined and the process was continued until the highest bidder was reached who got the contract at an exorbitant figure. One would have thought that the forfeited bond would in some measure recompense the State for the difference in the rate between the highest and lowst bid. But no such result followed. The "system" never contemplates recompense to the State for anything.

Here is what actually occurred. The forfeited bond was promptly returned to the delinquent bidder, notwithstanding the legal obligation to hold it, and the highest bidder was declared State Printer. He simply let one of the lower bidders take up the work and, it is alleged and I believe, not only he but two of the other bidders get a rake off while the State "pays the freight." It is clearly a conspiracy to rob the State. There could hardly be a clearer case of collusion and yet the Governor takes no steps to stop the crime.

The Legislative Record Job.

Reference has also been made in a previous letter to the corrupt collusion in awarding the contract to print the Legislative Record for the session of 1907. On the day fixed for letting that contract the printer who received it was in the inner office of the officer of the Senate who made the award and another printer sat in the anteroom. About a minute before the time for opening bids the official approached the man in the anteroom and asked if he had a bid to submit. He replied in the negative, the official returned to his office, and soon afterward announced that the contract had been awarded to the only bidder.

The contract price under the award thus made was nearly three times what the work had been done for the previous session. Of course that is not in itself an evidence of either conspiracy or collusion. But it is alleged that during the period between which the official had spoken to the man in the anteroom and the announcement of the letting the bid had been changed and the price nearly doubled. In other words the bidder having been informed that he was the only bidder and that the award would be to him however exorbitant his price, changed the figures to a price which was little short of grand larceny.

The corridor gossip concerning this conspiracy got so insistent, during the session, that an investigation was ordered by the House of Representatives. Representative Habgood of McKean county was made Chairman of the Investigating committee. He was informed of all the facts and even had a conversation with the man in the anteroom at the time of the letting. But he reported that while the price was high there was no evidence of collusion and besides the publisher had promised to make a better "Record" than any of its predecessors. It may have been only a coincidence that Mr. Habgood was elected President of the State League of Republican Clubs a few days ago.

All the Departments Are Putrid.

The fact is that every Department of the State government is rotten with corruption. There are not only an excessive number of employes in every office but there is grafting everywhere. The Highway Department makes no contracts for road building or improvement that does not yield a bonus to somebody on the inside. The Health Department has become a veritable asylum for political pensioners. Not long ago the son of an influential citizen of this town came home from school to spend his seven weeks' vacation. He was immediately given employment in the Health Department. After standing around the office for two weeks he was given a "vacation" of three weeks on full pay. Then he returned, worked two weeks and went back to school. He enjoyed a lucrative rest at the expense of the State. But it looks as if that is what the Health Department is for.

Meantime we hear much about prosecuting the capitol grafters and nothing concerning these other looters who are working like rats in a cheese cellar. They tell us that Governor Stuart is a model of official integrity and that he will purge not only the State but the party, of crooks and corruptionists. But what merit is there in promises in the absence of performances. The talk of the prosecution of the capitol grafters is declamation to the galleries. A year ago the boast was that the Insurance grafters would be fitly punished. They made us almost imagine Durham in prison stripes. But there has been no prosecution of the Insurance grafters. Durham is still the Party leader of Philadelphia and the Republican committee of Chester county, the other day, set Auditor General Snyder up as an exemplar of political morals and civic virtue.

The Machine Can't Reform.

You might as well try to bleach linen by plunging it into a pitch bath, as to reform the official life of Pennsylvania while the Republican machine is in control. The managers of that organization are compelled to continue their iniquities. With them it is graft or gravel. If they can't remain in office they must go to prison and they have debauched the electorate to such an extent that most of their voters have to be bought. Vast sums of money are necessary to buy their majorities. Ballot box stuffing is a hazardous enterprise now and boodlers demand compensation according to the hazard. The remedy is in the election of John G. Harman to the office of State Treasurer. Berry began the work of political regeneration and Harman will complete it.

G. D. H.

John O. Sheatz was never a reformer either in the Legislature or out. In the Legislature he voted for some of the most iniquitous measures and out of it he has supported some of the most notoriously bad men. Two years ago, for example, when all reformers were aligned against J. Lee Plummer, Sheatz stood with the machine. To rank him as a reformer is not only absurd but it is actually dishonest.

We rise to remark that nearly a month has elapsed since John G. Harman challenged John O. Sheatz to discuss the question of minority representation on the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and there has been no reply to the challenge. The delay indicates that Mr. Sheatz's mental machinery works entirely too slow to be effective in the office of State Treasurer.

What could Lieutenant Governor Murphy have meant when he said in his Jamestown speech the other day, "as Pennsylvania and Virginia were alert one hundred and thirty years ago to-day, each to strike down that which threatened to harm the other, so must Pennsylvania and Virginia be alert now when different foes must be conquered? We haven't heard that there is anything the matter with Virginia and we can't see how Virginia can help us in our troubles. The remedy which we must apply is an aroused public conscience to guide us at the polls and Virginia can't participate in our elections. It is true that the people of that State can sympathize with us in our lack of civic virtue and self-respect. But we must cure our own ills with our own votes and the time to begin is at the approaching election and the way the election of Mr. John G Harman to the office of State Treasurer.

The Philadelphia machine shows the same indifference to the interests and will of the people as it did before the outbreak of two years ago. The people of that city restored the machine to power last winter by the election of Mayor Reyburn and it is indulging in a riot of bossism and a deluge of political immorality. If Sheatz in elected the State machine will be quite as daring as that of the city and the looting and grafting will be resumed and continued indefinitely. Happily, however, there is no danger of such a result. Sheatz will be defeated as badly as Plummer was two years ago if not worse. The highjink of the Philadelphia machine just came in time to admonish the people of the danger of restoration in the State.

Manifestly President Roosevelt has gone mad on the subject of Federal authority over the affairs of the States. He wants to completely revolutionize our form of government in order to gratify his inordinate lust for power. But the people are not likely to sympathize with such absurd notions. The history and traditions of the government of the fathers are as dear to the hearts of the people to-day as they ever were and though Roosevelt has been a popular idol he will lose out if he advocates such nonsense as was expressed in his St. Louis speech last week.

If every Democrat in Pennsylvania votes for the splendid candidate of the party for State Treasurer next month his majority will be equal to the largest that has ever been received by a candidate with the single exception of that cast for Roosevelt three years ago. And there is no reason why every Democrat should not vote for him. He will be an ideal public official. Capable, courageous and honest he will do whatever is possible to restore the public life of the Commonwealth to the high plane which was once an honor to the people.

If Governor Stuart wants to do some effctive reform work through the medium of the criminal courts he has a splendid opportunity to manifest it by beginning on the Insurance grafters who were investigated last year. Insurance Commissioner Martin was among those who were condemned in the report of the Committee but so far from that having any adverse effect on Martin's standing at the Governor's office the indications are that he is still in the highest favor. At any rate he continues to hold his office and draw the salary.

Dave Lane is again instructing the voters of Philadelphia to stuff the ballot boxes at the coming election. If the voters of Philadelphia are wise, however, they will pay no attention to Dave Lane's advice. Ballot box stuffers will go to jail this year. The style of treating that sort of calendar has vastly changed within a couple of years. Even crooked Dave Lane won't be immune from punishment this year if there is anything doing in his line of political work this year.

A citizen has not performed his full duty in the election of this year when he casts his own vote any more than a man discharges his full duty when he notified the police that a crime is being committed. He ought to assist the police in preventing crime just as he ought to urge his neighbors to vote to rescue the State from the desperadoes who are despoiling it. Let us all do our full duty this year.

The corrupt and contented City Party men of Philadelphia may have, like the dog, returned to their vomit, but the vast hosts of independent Republican voters in the interior of the State who voted for Mr. Berry two years ago will vote for Harman this year. They have not been purchased, dragooned nor deceived into supporting Sheatz.

MOST FAMOUS OF ALL PALMS.

The Coco de Mer Which Bears the Biggest Nut in the World.

In the magnificent palm palace of the New York Botanical Garden, Bronx Park, a specimen of the most famous of all palms, and one of the rarest in cultivation, has been placed for public admiration after three years in the propagating house, where it arrived as a seedling. This is the double cocoanut, the coco de mer, the coco de Salomon, the coco des Maldives of the French.

It attains a height of 80 or 90 feet, and is surrounded by a beautiful crown of winged and palmated leaves. The diameter of the trunk varies from 12 to 15 inches, and the whole is so flexible that it sways in a strong breeze. The leaves attain a length of 20 feet, and even 30 feet, with a breadth of 10 or 12 feet, and open like a fan. The fruit is the largest which any tree produces. It frequently is 18 inches in length, with a circumference of 3 feet, and sometimes weighs 40 or 50 pounds. A remarkable circumstance connected with the tree is the length of time necessary to mature its fruit and the long duration of the bloom. It bears only one spadix in each year, and yet has often as many as a dozen in bloom at once. It has flowers and fruit of all ages at one time.

Until the year 1743, when they were seen on the trees in the only spot where they grow, the nuts were known solely from having been found floating in the Indian Ocean off the Maldive Islands. They were found in no other place in the world. The reason was that the trees grew on the shores of the Seychelles, and large quantities of the great fruit, falling into the water, were borne to the Maldives by currents, the direction of which in those parts is east-northeast.

The nuts were always found minus the husk and mostly with the internal part decayed. They were called "Calappa Laut" by the Dutch, and under that appellation Rumphius has given a historical account of them. The double cocoanut, he says, is not a terrestrial production, which may have fallen by accident into the sea and there become petrified, but a fruit probably growing itself in the sea, whose fruit hitherto has been concealed from the eye of man.

The Malay and Chinese sailors used to affirm that it was borne upon a tree deep under water, which was similar to a coconnut tree, and was visible in placid bays upon the coast of Sumatra, etc., but that if they sought to dive after it the tree instantly disappeared.

The negro priests declared it grew near the Island of Java, where its leaves and branches rose above the water, and formed the habitation of a monstrous bird or griffin. This griffin was accustomed to sally forth nightly and tear to pieces with its beak such insignificant game as elephants, rhinoceroses, and tigers, and carry off the flesh to its nest to feed on at leisure. Moreover, ships were attracted by the waves which surrounded the tree and were unable to sail out of the fatal zone, so that the hapless sailors fell an easy prey to the voracious bird. Needless to say that the inhabitants of the Indian Archieplago in their travels about the ocean were careful to give the spot the widest possible berth.

Nowadays the crown of the trunk —that is, the heart of the leaves—is eaten like that of the American cabbage palm, and often preserved in vinegar; but it is less delicate and slightly bitter. The trunk itself, after being split and cleared of its soft and fibrous internal parts, serves to make water troughs as well as palisades for surrounding houses and gardens. The foliage is employed to thatch the roofs of houses and sheds, and even for walls. With a hundred leaves a commodious dwelling may be constructed, including the partitions of the apartments, the doors and windows. The down attached to the young leaves serves for filling mattresses and pillows. The ribs of the leaves and fibers of the petiole are used for making gaskets and brooms, while the young foliage furnishes an excellentt material for hats.

Of the nut, vessels, of different forms and for various uses are made. When preserved whole and perforated in one or two places the shells serve to carry water. Some of them hold from six to eight pints, and generally are carried suspended to sticks, one on each end. If divided in two between the lobes, each portion serves, according to its size and shape, for plates or dishes or drinking cups. In European countries the shell has been utilized for making shaving dishes and similar articles. It is black and polishes beautifully, and generally is carved and set in silver.

For many years attempts to introduce the coco de mer in the conservatories of the European botanical gardens failed invariably. Such was the eagerness to make experiments in rearing it that germinating nuts were disposed of at public sale in London for £10 apiece. There are some fine examples now both at Kew and Hanover.

English Riflemen.

Great plans are being laid in England to make the young men of that island good rifle shots. Many shooting clubs are being organized. In this connection the mayor of Westminster employs one of the best-equipped miniature rifle ranges in London. The range is in the vaults under St. Martin's Church.

Grammatical errors are overlooked in a millionaire.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

No Improvement.

Yeast: "It is asserted that in these days, with the aid of machinery, 50,000 people can do the work performed by 16,000,000 persons 70 years ago."

Crimsonbeak: "I guess that's right. I notice there are a good many more people doing nothing now than there used to be."

The Most Audible Dialogue.

"The theatre is not so entertaining as it might be," said one critical person.

"No," answered the other, "it would be much better if box parties would arrange to have playwrights prepare their conversation instead of trying to make it up as they go along."—Washington Star.

One of the Early Unsettlers.

Aaron Burr was hunting for Blennerhasset's Island.

"It's somewhere along here I know," he muttered, consulting his map again.

Tying his skiff to a tree near the top of neighboring bluff, he waited for the Ohio River to subside.—Chicago Tribune.

Points of View.

"Beautiful memorial window," remarked her husband as they left the church.

"I didn't notice particularly," said his wife, "but the light from it fell on the Jones pew and it made her complexion a fright."—Philadelphia Ledger.

In Small Doses.

Little bit o' sighin'
All the way along,
Yet Life to Life replyin':
"A sigh is half a song!"

—Atlanta Constitution.

MAGAZINE READERS

SUNSET MAGAZINE beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West. **$1.50 a year**

CAMERA CRAFT devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers. **$1.00 a year**

ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS a book of 75 pages, containing 120 colored photographs of picturesque spots in California and Oregon. **$0.75**

Total . . . $3.25

All for $1.50

Address all orders to

SUNSET MAGAZINE

Flood Building San Francisco

Have You an American Flag in Your Home?

That splendid home newspaper, *The Philadelphia Press*, offers a beautiful American Flag—size 3x5 feet—guaranteed fast to sun and rain, stripes sewed, not printed, and the *Daily* edition of their publication for one year for $3.50. This is just about the price of the paper alone—$3.50 is the total expense to you, so that you get the flag almost free. Hand your check or money to your Postmaster or Newsdealer or mail it to the Circulation Department of *The Press*, Philadelphia, and the paper and flag will be mailed at once. Money returned for the asking if you are not satisfied.

"Keep Your Head Cool,

your conscience clear and your bowels open." There is a ton of common sense in it. Constipation is death in life. The intestines are clogged with matter. You must move it or be sick—fever possibly. Take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy until the bowels are clear and natural. Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle. Large bottles $1.00, all druggists.

Blobbs—"I don't believe in taking things for granted." Slobbs—"No, not unless they belong to you."

The Royal Month and the Royal Disease.

Sudden changes of weather are especially trying, and probably to none more so than to the scrofulous and consumptive. The progress of scrofula during a normal October is commonly great. We never think of scrofula—its bunches, cutaneous eruptions, and wasting of the bodily substance—without thinking of the good many sufferers from it have derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla, whose radical and permanent cures of this one disease are enough to make it the most famous medicine in the world. There is probably not a city or town where Hood's Sarsaparilla has not proved its merit in more homes than one, in arresting and completely eradicating scrofula, which is almost as serious and as much to be feared as its near relative,—consumption.

Nell—"Do you think jewelry should be regarded as vulgar?" Belle—"Yes, if you don't happen to have any."

ONLY A LITTLE COLD in the head may be the beginning of an obstinate case of Nasal Catarrh. Drive out the invader with Ely's Cream Balm applied straight to the inflamed stuffed up air-passages. Price 50c. If you prefer to use an atomizer, ask for Liquid Cream Balm It has all the good qualities of the solid form of this remedy and will rid you of catarrh or hay fever. No cocaine to breed a dreadful habit. No mercury to dry out the secretion. Price 75c., with spraying tube. All druggists, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

THE AMERICAN REGULAR.

They Both Walked But He Forgot He Was Tired.

A little incident related by the late Gen. Shafter illustrates the spirit of the American soldiers who entered Cuba, and at the same time contains a bit of humor that was none the less enjoyable because it was unconscious.

The men had been in battle all day, and, weary as they were, had then walked eleven rough, muddy miles in the dark, a remarkable and arduous military performance which served to show their sterling military qualities.

A correspondent noticed a corporal of the Twenty-fifth Colored regiment carrying a pet dog in his arms. Surprised that an overworked soldier should voluntarily burden himself, he said:

"Corporal, didn't you march all night before last?"

"Yes, sah."

"Didn't you fight all day yesterday?"

"Deed I did, sah."

"Didn't you march all last night?"

"Yes, sah."

"Then why do you carry that dog?"

"Why, boss, 'cause the dog's tired."

Two-Inch Tooth of Buddha.

The curious object shown in the cut is kept at Randy, in Ceylon, and

receives the most profound veneration of more than 400,000,000 persons. It is reputed to be the left eye-tooth of Buddha and is declared by the priests to have been taken from the ashes of his funeral pyre.

When Bachelors Were Taxed.

Another one of the surprisingly old projects that has recently cropped out again is the proposed tax on bachelors. The idea is gray with age, and, as far as effectiveness in the correction of evils is concerned, is about as inefficient as it is old, says the Cleveland News. Bachelors, as candidates or probationers for marriage, have formed the subject for legislation from the earliest times. Penalties have often been imposed on male celibates in various countries. In proportion as the interests of the State were regarded as above those of the individual the enforcement of marriage was more severe. In ancient Sparta it was considered a punishable crime not to marry or to marry too late in life.

At Rome marriage was fostered by positive penalties imposed on unmarried men and sometimes even on women, as well as by discrimination in favor of heads of families. In the allotment of the Campanian lands by Julius Caesar portions were given only to the fathers of three or more children. Under Augustus a law was enacted prohibiting unmarried persons below the age of sixty in men and fifty in women from taking possession of a legacy, and this was applied even to widows, who, in order to secure their part of their deceased husbands' estates, were forced to marry again within a period of two years.

Contents of a Shark's Stomach.

A grewsome collection of articles was found in the stomach of a huge shark recently. The beast was evidently a man eater, for his stomach contained a man's head, three hats, two fowls and a quantity of bones. He weighed 750 pounds and was caught by the crew of the liner Syria at Suez. The fishing apparatus consisted of a rope with a leg of pork attached.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A New Orleans woman was thin.

Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.

She took *Scott's Emulsion.*

Result:

She gained a pound a day in weight.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00

SECOND HAND CHURCH PEWS.

Demand Greater Than the Supply—No Second Hand Bells.

"We have more demand for church pews than we can supply," said a dealer in second hand building materials. "People buy second hand pews to put into new churches, where economy is an object, and they are used also in lecture rooms and in Sunday school rooms, and we always have more or less call for them.

"But the supply is small. There are not many churches torn down or turned to other uses, as compared with the number of other buildings so handled, and then we don't always get the pews. It depends on the wrecking specifications.

"Pews are furniture, not a part of the church building; and, unless it is other wise specified in the contract, the church organization may keep the pews and sell them itself, or maybe give them away to some other church, or perhaps to the Salvation Army. And so what with the limited number of churches pulled down, and the fact that we don't always get pews, the supply of second hand church pews is limited and not equal to the demand.

"And while first and last we get into our yards pretty much everything on earth that is ever used in any sort of building, I don't remember that we ever had a church bell. When a church is wrecked the old, familiar bell is likely to be kept to be hung in the belfry of the new church.

"Second hand building materials exported? Well, not much. We have sent a little stuff to Cuba, but that's about the limit of our exportations, and that was house trim, for which there is always a demand. Fine old mantels, for instances, that are really old, and in good condition. Such fittings we take down with great care, and they always bring good prices.

Freedom That Is Bondage.

The anarchist proclaims that he is free; that he acknowledges no ruler, feels no obligation to obey any law. But he is, as soon as recognized, driven from one country to another, imprisoned, hanged, thought of everywhere as a menace to society.

The man who respects the chosen rulers and obeys the laws of his country goes about freely and unafraid, protected by the power that punishes the peace-disturber and law breaker, and is treated as a valued part of his home nation.

We are all tragically familiar with men of all ages who decline to give up their freedom to drink when and what they please. Our prisons and insane asylums swarm with them. Their boasted liberty is the direst bondage which holds them from success.

How often is friendship strangled by the freedom that allows one to dictate and domineer and demand—the freedom that chooses to be bound to arrogance and selfishness rather than by gentleness and generosity.—Delineator.

Equal to the Occasion.

There lived some years ago in western Pennsylvania an old circuit preacher whose genial humor and kindliness of heart endeared him to all the people of his district. His opportunities to "tie the knot" were numerous. On one occasion he found upon his arrival at a certain town several couples waiting. The old man was tired and wished to make short work of the job.

"Stand up," he began, "and join hands."

He then hurried through the marriage service.

"There," he said, "ye can go; ye're man and wife, ev'ry one of ye."

Two of the couples hesitated and made it apparent that in the hurried "jining" they had become confused and had taken the hands of the wrong persons. The old preacher took in the situation, but with a wave of his hand dispersed them, saying in a deep voice:

"I married ye all; sort yourselves.

Took No Chances.

A Chicago lawyer tells of a justice of the peace in a town in southern Indiana, whose idea touching the administration of justice was somewhat bizarre.

On one occasion, after all the evidence was in and the plaintiff's attorney had made an elaborate argument, the defendant's attorney came to begin his plea.

"Wait a minute!" exclaimed the court. "I don't see no use in your proceedin', Mr. Brown. I have got a very clear idea now of the guilt of the prisoner at the bar, and anything more from you would have a tendency to confuse the court. I know he's guilty and I don't want to take no chances."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

NATURAL DETECTIVE FORCE.

Why Man Who Commits Crime In Alaska Cannot Escape.

"We have a better detective force in the cold country than there is in the States," says Gov. H. P. Hoggart of Alaska, in the Washington Post.

"That detective force is nature. When a man commits a crime in the States he has many places to hide, and he often manages to evade the authorities forever. If one of our people who does something wrong believes the climate of some other country will better suit his health and he makes for that country he undertakes the impossible. All we have to do is to sit and wait. There is only one way out of Alaska, and that is by coming to the coast, and when the criminal comes to the coast he is sure to be caught.

"So well has the United States Signal Corps done its work in Alaska that we have a telegraph line to every mining camp of importance, and when a man takes leg bail all there is to do is to telegraph to the coast towns, and the authorities wait for the man. It would be impossible for the poor fellow to try to get away by any other route than the coast, because he would never live to relate his experience.

"On the other side of the coast range of mountains are vast plains, stretching for many hundreds of miles, wholly uninhabited. On account of the haste with which criminals generally leave there is no time in which to provide an adequate outfit, if such a thing were possible.

"But it is seldom that it is necessary to make use of this natural detective force to track wrongdoers. I will venture to say that there is no country in the world where the people are as orderly as they are in Alaska. All the tales of lawlessness of the mining camps of the forty-niners are not repeated in Alaska. From the very first the people have been orderly, and they make it so uncomfortable for the criminal who comes among them that he is glad to leave.

Executions in India.

The decisions as to whether the murderer should be executed or imprisoned for life was, says the Civil and Military Gazette in describing an execution at Hyderabad of a Pathan who had shot his brother-in-law, as is usual, left to the murdered man's relatives, and his wife, the sister of the murderer, voted for death.

On the day for the execution there appeared in the streets a band of sweepers armed with leafy twigs, followed by a squad of the city Arab police with fixed bayonets. Then came the criminal, dressed in new white garments, with a new halter around his neck and new ropes attached to his arms. The ends of these ropes were held by policemen. The ordinary thing is for the condemned man to walk, but in this case he was so overcome that he had to be conveyed in a jutka.

On arriving at the fatal spot the murderer was made to alight and kneel down, while the policeman handed over charge of the cords to the executioner's attendants, one of whom, seizing the end of the halter, stood in front of the felon, while others held the cords pinioning his arms behind. The executioner, brandishing a broad, heavy sword, keen as a razor, in a suggestive fashion, and prancing up towards his victim asked three times in a loud voice: "Who authorizes the execution?" The chief of the city police on duty thrice replied: "The Amin."

Then the attendant armed with a long needle pricked the condemned man in the back, causing him to start forward. At the same instant those holding the cords laid themselves back in the opposite directions as in a tug-of-war contest, with the result that the wretch's neck was stretched; and, following the reply of the chief of police, the executioner's blade descended fair and true on the neck, severing the head completely.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.

B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.

C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.

D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.

E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.

F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.

G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.

H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.

I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.

J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

ILLNESS AND POVERTY.

Conditions Existing Together on New York's East Side.

Illness causes most of the poverty in New York. For every family brought to actual want by drunkenness there are nine households in need because their wage earners have not the bodily strength to keep up the fight for life, says the New York Times. Next to ill-health, the lack of work is blamed for most of the pressing need. In forty-six families the proportion is eighteen cases of need caused by illness, sixteen by failure of find work, four by wages so small that they will not support the household, and only two caused by intemperance.

A few years ago charity meant giving to the poor right and left, to the just and unjust alike. Then the giving became a matter of organized charity, with agents to investigate and experts to weigh the stories of suffering so that the money spent would go as far as possible, and the unworthy could not impose on the kind-hearted. This plan anticipated that the needy would come to those offering relief. Then organized charity advanced to its most recent phase.

At first the Organized Charities, working with the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, sought to reach the needy by distributing cards on the east side addressed "To Men in New York Without Homes." They advised the needy to go to the Joint Application Bureau for medical aid, employment, or railroad fares back to their homes. In the Winters of 1905 and 1906, 27,000 of these cards were distributed on the east side. There were replies to about 2 per cent. of them.

Then slips were prepared as being more thorough and far reaching. They were addressed "To All Who Need Help," and offered aid in cases of idleness, illness, or suffering from the lack of shelter, clothing, or fuel. Three thousand pads, each containing ten slips, or about 30,000 in all, were distributed among the policemen. Last winter there were more than 500 replies. Some of the applicants merely wanted advice. Others were aided in their search for work or supplied with employment for the time. Seventy-four of the applicants told of poverty and suffering that seemed to call for aid. Their stories were investigated and relief was offered to forty-six of them. No aid was required in twenty-four instances and four of the families were not found.

Besides clothing, shoes, coal, food, and medicine, money was distributed to nineteen of the applicants. Yet the amount of cash paid out was comparatively small. Of the eighteen families brough to poverty by illness, twelve of them included children. In one, there were three adults and four little ones; in another, four men and women and three children. The care of the needy families frequently covered a period of weeks, the average length of treatment being nearly two months. The largest payment of cash was $34 to two people who were out of work. The money given to nineteen families aggregated $239.44, or an average of $12.60 for each household.

That hard luck rather than viciousness causes most of the poverty in the ebb and flow of city life is also shown by the stories of the homeless men who come to the Joint Application Bureau. Most of them are single men under 40 years of age and have been living in lodging houses. Of 605 applications in 1905 and last year only 38 traced their troubles to drink. More than 100 were looking for work. The straits of as many more were so desperate that food and shelter were offered them at once. Illness had put twenty five out of the race. With all their misfortunes however the attractions of the metropolis were such that only twelve of the 300 asked for railroad tickets to take them to their homes in other cities.

Origin of the Tooth-Brush.

Colonial diaries and letters make it plain that our unfortunate ancestors suffered much from jumping toothaches, swelled faces and the early loss by forcible extraction of teeth which at a later period might have been saved to render the owners many years of further service. No wonder, since the care of the teeth was little understood and that little often but negligently practised.

Toothpicks were known, toothbrushes were not, although rough substitutes were employed, made of flattened sticks, split and pounded at one end to a stiff fibrous fringe. Toothbrushes when first introduced were regarded as by no means important accessories to the toilet, but rather as minor luxuries and suitable for women only.

"She thinks that her husband is very economical."

"In what way?"

"She says that although he is passionately fond of cloves, he never eats but one at a time."

"Did old Hogg see the joke in placing a banana skin on the pavement?"

"Oh, yes; he tumbled all right."

It's a mighty good thing that our wives have never thought to go on strike for an eight hour day.

A lot of energy is wasted in looking for easy jobs.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAST SUNBURY 7.50 as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7.50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:20 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.43, 6.20 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.20 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m., 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.25, 11 47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 4:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 11, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:28 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12.20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.30 a. m. 1.50, 5.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 8.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:20 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	SEA ISLE CITY
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

*Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawis Sunda 30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL TYPEWRITER $25.00

A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
Norwalk Conn

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	10 00	1.50	*6 25
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 11	6 37
Danville	7 09	10 19	2 12	6 49
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 23	6 59
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	8 02
Bloomsburg	7 31	10 41	2 35	8 09
Espy	7 36	10 46	2 40	8 13
Lime Ridge	7 41	10 51	2 46	8 19
Willow Grove	17 46	.....	12 50	.....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	12 58	8 27
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	8 39
Beach Haven	8 00	11 07	3 03	8 44
Nescopeck	8 08	11 12	3 09	8 47
Hick's Ferry	8 20	11 25	3 20	8 59
Huntock's	8 30	.....	3 31	9 09
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 47	7 26
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 52	.....
Kingston	8 55	11 55	4 00	.....
Luzerne	8 58	11 58	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	9 10	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 12	7 ...
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 22	.....	4 29	8 06
Orangeville	9 26	.....	4 32	8 10
Forks	9 32	.....	†4 40	8 17
SCRANTON	*9 42	†2 35	4 50	*8 25

A. M. A. M. P. M. P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 03	6 4
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 08
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	12 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 28	11 17	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 34	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 04	11 54	3 30	8 05
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	12 12	12 50	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	12 54	8 28
Lime Ridge	8 33	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 05	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 38	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 18	8 56
Catawissa	8 58	12 38	4 26	9 02
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 38	9 11
Cameron	9 14	1 01	4 48	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	*1 12	†4 58	9 26

A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
	‡	†	‡	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 05
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St.	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 05
Zaners	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 10
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs	10 06	3 45	7 31	8 45
Grass Mere Park	10 10	3 47	7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	†	†	‡	‡	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	6 01	17 12	4 47	11 00	....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	6 14	11 09	4 56	7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	6 35	11 29	5 17	7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 06
Orangeville	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St.	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily. ¶ Sunday only. † Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

12-16-1y

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c and $1.00 at Druggists.

PATENTS

PROCURED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photo. for expert search and free report. Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc. IN ALL COUNTRIES. *Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.* Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively. Write or come to us at 625 Sixth Street, opp. United States Patent Office. WASHINGTON, D. C.

C.A.SNOW & CO.

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

OFFICERS:

E. W. M. Low, President. J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

E. W. M. Low,	F. G. Yorks,	Frank Ikeler,	Joseph Ratti,
E. B. Tustin,	Fred Ikeler,	Geo. S. Robbins,	S. C. Creasy,
J. M. Staver,	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1907

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Political.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

Sheatz and the Capitol Steal.

In behalf of the Machine candidate for State Treasurer it is claimed that he would prove a most vigilant and inflexible guardian of the public finances in spite of all the insidious influences that might be brought to bear upon him. With this plea many an independent Republican had been almost persuaded to vote for John O. Sheatz before his full legislative record was spread before the people of Pennsylvania, with its ample proof of his support of some of the worst schemes of the Machine. As an example of his want of the vigilance that is gratuitously attributed to him is his vote for House bill No. 486, that conveyed the technical legal authority under which the Pennypacker-Snyder-Mathues Board of Public Grounds and Buildings flung open the vaults of the Treasury to the State Capitol brigands.

Whilst the authors of the act fully understood its sinister import, John O. Sheatz was doubtless as innocent as a new-born babe when he gave it his vote. He merely went along blindly with most of the followers of the Machine who were not in the secret of its legislation. But how can this justify the boast that partisanship makes in his behalf? By what metamorphosis can a careless and subservient representative of his party be converted into a jealously vigilant administrator of the finances of the people? Citizens of Pennsylvania who sincerely desire a fit successor of the intrepid William H. Berry in the office of State Treasurer have only to contrast the high legislative record of John G. Harman with the record of John O. Sheatz and vote accordingly.—*Phila. Record.*

HARMAN NOT DISSATISFIED.

Democratic State Chairman Dimeling telegraphed from Clearfield Monday evening a positive denial of all the essential points of a published report that State Treasurer Candidate Harman had expressed dissatisfaction with the manner in which his campaign was being conducted and had demanded that there should be a stirring up by the State Committee so as to improve his prospect of election. Chairman Dimeling asserted that Mr. Harman had not made to him, or to anybody so far as he knew, any complaint whatever about the management of the campaign. They were together last Saturday and up to that time Mr. Harman had been evidently well satisfied that the State Commitsee was doing everything possible for the success of the ticket. Mr. Dimeling added that he would have more to say upon his arrival at the headquarters in the Hotel Walton concerning efforts of the enemy to spread false impressions about Democratic conditions.

THE REPETITION OF HISTORY.

As our Harrisburg correspondent clearly shows in his letter of this week the criminals of the Insurance Department of the State have not yet been prosecuted. In an investigation which occurred in January and February of 1906 it was shown that the Insurance Commissioner had padded the pay rolls of the department and carried as employees men who had never been at the department or performed any service for the State. This was a criminal violation of the law. It was converting a department of the State government into an agency for paying unearned bounties to political dependents out of the revenues of the Commonwealth and should have been severely punished.

As a matter of fact, however, there have been no prosecutions or punishments. During the last gubernatorial campaign candidate Stuart emphatically declared that in the event of his election he would prosecute the capitol grafters and all other criminals who had been guilty of looting the treasury. So far as the grafters in connection with the construction and furnishing of the capitol are concerned, he is still keeping up a false pretense of fulfilling his pledge. But he has been in office for nearly nine months and has not attempted to prosecute any of the insurance grafters though their culpability is just as plain and the evidence of their criminality has been available ever since February, 1906.

A tree is judged by its fruits, according to the adage, and a man is estimated by his actions. There is every bit as much reason why the insurance grafters should be punished as that the proper penalties should be imposed upon the capitol construction grafters. But the insurance grafters have been permitted to escape punishment for the reason that the authorities, including the Governor, believe that they have been forgotten. In the event that Sheatz is elected State Treasurer, the same policy will be pursued with respect to the capitol grafters. The Governor will delude himself with the notion that the people don't care and the prosecutions will be abandoned

—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

PLACE FOR SCARLET.

To be One of the State Railroad Commissioners.

James Scarlet, Esq., of Danville, who has won fame as a state capitol prober, is designated as one of the state railroad commissioners which was created at the last session of the Legislature. The commission and its staff will include a secretary and an attorney, each at a salary of $4,000 a year, marshal at $2,500, inspectors, engineers, clerks and experts of various kinds. The three commissioners will each receive $8,000 a year.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Oct. 3, 1907.

In spite of the fact that the President is out of Washington, political speculation is rife as to the outcome of the next nominating convention. Every politician who drifts into town is full of talk, rumors and speculation as to what the attitude of the President will be toward the candidacy of the several "favorite son" Republicans who are avowedly in the fight for the nomination. This speculation is almost profitless at this time, nevertheless it persists and is more or less interesting. It is a case of Taft against the field, always with the proviso on the part of the speculator that the President will not take a third term himself. Everything possible has been done to get further expressions of opinion from the President as to his attitude toward renomination and his preference for a candidate. It is not likely that there will be any further announcement from the administration on either of these points just now. The President has already expressed himself about the third term, saying that he did not want it and would not take it. As to his preference for the Taft candidacy, he has given it his quiet but positive approval. The same cannot be said for any of the other candidates. He is not apt to make any further statement on 'either subject at present because it is by no means a psychological moment. The convention is too far off for anything but talk.

***

Advocates of the ship subsidy bill are already at work in Washington. There will be a desperate effort made at the coming session to get legislation of some sort through. This is a measure that has by no means popular support throughout the country. All of the seaboard cities realize that it would be to their advantage if it materially helped to build up the mercantile marine, but the inland communities may be regarded as indifferent, with the element against it that shies at the prospect of heavier public expenditures of such an indefinite extent as entrance to the subsidy field would entail. It is quite possible that if there is subsidy legislation, it will take a very mild form and will be first urged to secure additional steamship facilities for South America. This is unquestionably needed from a commercial standpoint though whether even a heavy subsidy would secure it is a matter for serious consideration.

***

Admiral Coghlan has certainly secured for himself a well earned reputation as a troublemaker for the government. He has just come out in a long interview on the subject of war with Japan and the necessity of sending the battleship squadron to the Pacific. It will of course be recalled that it was Admiral Coghlan who got this country into very warm water with Germany over his "Hoch der Kaiser" poem at a banquet a few years ago. There was nothing of malice in his reciting the poem, but it was just jesting near enough to facts to be very uncomfortable, and it came at a moment when the relations of this country and Germany were none too cordial, though the governments of both countries would willingly have had it appear otherwise.

Now, when the situation is just about the same with Japan, the loquacious admiral comes out in print with a long talk about the possibility of war. He says that it would be a good deal cheaper to duplicate the American navy, and that is what it would mean if the battleship squadron is to remain in the Pacific, than it would be to put up a six month's fight with Japan or any other first class power. He says that $150,000,000 spent in new ships would make this country impregnable to attack by any power and that it would be a good investment, tantamount to a life insurance policy for an otherwise indigent family. He says also that it would remove any possibility of war and leave this country free to develop commercially as it chose. All this is quite true. But the inopportunity of the talk lies in the fact that it comes just at the moment when Secretary Taft and the Japanese higher officials are falling on each others necks and swearing eternal friendship and scouting the possibility of war. Quite naturally if Japan has any lingering notion of war, she is not going to publish the fact in advance, and the way she struck Russia at the outbreak of the Manchurian trouble is an indication that the Oriental and Occidental minds work in different channels and that any nation with the faintest likelihood of Japanese trouble on its hands, does not want to leave its gun at home when it goes visiting.

***

Secretary Root is making a record as a close second to Secretary Taft in cultivating international friendliness. His journey to Mexico is being watched by officials here with the greatest interest. He seems to have the faculty of doing and saying the right thing to appeal to the Latin-American mind, and the reports so far of his reception in Mexico are decidedly encouraging. It was less than 20 years ago that Mexico was not only rated as a decidely fourth-class power, but was regarded as the last place on earth for the investment of American capital. Under President Diaz, however, the country has developed into a strong and compact nation with ambition for commercial development and the ability to absorb the best of everything modern. Tens of millions of American capital are invested in Mexico not only in mining but in manufacture, and they are regarded quite as safe as investments in Canada. The Mexican people look to this country as the model in commercial and mechanical development, and it is not only natural but appropriate for us to take keen interest in the development of the big, strong state just south of us. Mexico will be able in the next few years to do more towards solidifying South America and keeping Central America in order than this country could ever do and it is well that she should have not only our friendship but our cordial support. The visit of Secretary Root to President Diaz is a vital means to that end and seems to be accomplishing its purpose well.

***

It is announced from Ottawa that the Japanese-Canadian controversy is to be settled by the prompt payment of $6,000 damages to Japan for the Vancouver riot, and that Vancouver will be called on to foot the bill. This will make the end of the Japanese incident from the standpoint of the Ottawa government, but the affair is sure to rankle among the people of Japan and of the Pacific coast for a long time to come.

THE TRESPASS LAW.

Hunters Should Keep Off Posted Lands.

It will be well for hunters who are planning to go into the fields and woods in search of game to remember that the trespass law is in force and that many farmers have posted notices on their premises warning hunters and others not to trespass on their lands. The hunter who tramps all day through the fields with little success may be inclined to ignore trespass notices, but it will be well for him to take heed of the warnings lest his hunting trip shall cost him dearly. It is required by the law that trespass notices shall be conspicuously displayed so that hunters and others may readily see them. Unless they are so posted the farmer cannot collect damages from those who walk through his fields. The hunter who has to search diligently for trespass notices is not in much danger of being fined for trespassing, for he is excusable in supposing that because the notices are not conspicuously posted none exist on that particular property.

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Wanamaker on Business.

John Wanamaker, in an interview in New York a few days ago, said: "There is nothing the matter with business. Wall street is agitated, but Wall street is a world by itself. It kicks money around as though it was a football. In the main it is a great game of speculation. At times the country is filled with wonder at the power of a few to tie up money and to project it into great corporation movements that for the time-being make banks and trust companies their partners and indirectly affect the mercantile business. But the great country is not affected by the spasms of Wall street. It can be counted on to continue in good financial health. The real business of supplying the wants of 80,000,000 people has to go on because wants go on. I feel sure that it can be proven that a large majority of the mercantile world was never in so sound a condition."

BOYS'

Stylish Fall Suits

That will wear well, always look well, and please the boy as well as you, are the only sort you'll find here at the right prices.

$2.00 to $8.00.

ONE OF THE MOST

Popular Suits for this season consists of double breasted Jacket with or without belt and knickerbockers or "bloomers" as some people call them. Here in a large assortment of beautiful worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots.

$4.00 to $8.00.

TOWNSEND'S

CORNER.

BUYING TIME FOR Thrifty Housewives

Right at this time when good housewives are buying Furniture and Kitchen Ware, our extra values will make this store the mecca for nearly all of them.

Now just a word as to this Furniture. We only ask that you look all around—compare ours with other stock and we feel confident of your verdict—"I CAN DO BETTER AT PURSEL'S."

And the Kitchen Helps—we can only mention a few in the space of course, but if you have a need in that line come here. We will save you money every time.

Furniture.

Rocking Chairs 1.50 to 15.00.
Parlor and Library Tables 1.50 to 22.50.
Buffets 20.00 to 39.50.
Side Boards 10.00 to 35.00
China Closets 20.00 to 40
Extension Tables 5.00 to 35.00.
Dining Chairs 4.50 to 25.00 a Set.
Couches 6.75 to 39.00,
Chiffoniers 6.00 to 22.50.
Bed Room Suits 16.50 to $100.
White Enameled and Brass Beds 5.00 to 35.00.

Kitchen Helps

A full and complete line of the justly celebrated Edleweiss cooking ware 10c to 1.50.
Rochester Nickle ware in Chafing dishes, tea and coffee pots, syrup jugs and what not—all guaranteed.
Scrub Brushes 10c to 25c
White Wash Brushes 25 to 50c.
Wisp Brooms 10 to 25c.

Kitchen Helps

Floor Brushes 1.00 to 1.50
Wall Brushes 60c.
Stove Brushes 15 to 25c.
Washing Machines 7.50 to 9.50.
Clothes Wringers 1.75 to 3.50.
Carpet Sweepers 1.75 to 2.75.
Cedar Wash Tubs, (three sizes) 90c., 1.35 and 1.75.
Painted Pine wash tubs 75 to 90c.
Galvanized wash tubs 80, 90 and 1.00.
Wash Boards 15 to 40c.
Wood Scrub Buckets 20c
Galvanized Buckets, 10 qt. size 20c., 12 qt. size 25c
Fibre water buckets 35c.
Heavy Tin water buckets, 12 qt. size 40c., 14 qt. 50c.
Enameled water buckets 38 to 90c.
Heavy Tin Wash Boilers (with lid) No. 8 for 1.25 and No. 9 for 1.35.
Heavy Tin Wash Boilers, copper bottom, No. 8 for 1.35 and No. 9 for 1.50.
All copper Wash Boilers $3

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

FALL SHOES.

The assortment of EVANS' Shoes provides a shoe for every need, a style for every taste, a fit for every foot.

Until you have seen these new models, or better yet, enjoyed the luxury of wearing one of them, you can not realize what shoe perfection means.

You are cordially invited to come in aud see these new fashions.

The Progressive Shoe Store

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1886.

Bears are reported plentiful in Sullivan county.

L. E. Whary has a fine display of stoves and ranges at the fair this week.

C. P. Elwell's orchestra played for a dance at the Midway on Saturday night.

The fakirs are here in force for the fair. The boarding places are filled up with them.

The Misses Brown have moved to the residence of their brother, Dr. J. J. Brown, on Market street.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

W. H. Brower has purchased the property of the Misses Brown on Normal Hill, for $5,000. It is a very pretty home.

William G. Quick, formerly of this town, was recently married to Miss Sallie R. Semmel. He is now residing at Palmerton.

The Lutheran congregation of Espy has charge of the dining hall at the fair grounds this week. Go there and get a good dinner.

Harry K. Thaw's second trial for the murder of Stanford White in New York, has been fixed for December 2nd by District Attorney Jerome.

ANY MAN who has ever sold nursery stock will learn something to his advantage by addressing BOX 1105, WATERLOO, N. Y. 9-19-4t.

C. C. Yetter, Esq., has been invited to deliver the memorial address before the Lodge of Sorrow of the Pottsville Elks the first Sunday in December.

Vernice Crisman of Berwick paid a fine and costs amounting to twelve dollars on Monday, for exceeding the speed limit with his automobile in Danville on Sunday.

The rain on Tuesday morning made things look dismal for the prospects of the fair, but toward noon it grew colder and the sun came out, and the indications are now that the weather will be clear.

We go to press on Wednesday this week in order to give our employees an opportunity to enjoy the fair. It is the only vacation this office takes during the year, except the general holidays.

PATENTS Money in small inventions as well as large. Send for free booklet. **Milo B. Stevens & Co.**, 884 14th St., **Washington, D. C.** Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit Estab. 1864. 9-19-4t.

Miss Lillian Dyer is giving a demonstration of Tetley's teas at Pursel's store this week. She was there last week also. On the grocery side she has a booth where she serves samples of tea in very attractive style.

It is announced that United States Marshall C. B. Witmer, of Sunbury will be appointed United States District Attorney for the Middle District to succeed S. J. McCarrell, nominated by the Republicans of Dauphin county as their candidate for Judge.

Notices have been sent out by the Wilkes-Barre Automobile Club to all supervisors, township commissioners and councilmen of the boroughs and cities of Luzerne county, declaring that unless they at once obey the road laws about the sign posts and the removal of stones they will be individually prosecuted. The club has tried for some time to get the law enforced, but without success.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Charles Beaver, the well known landlord of Strawberry Ridge, Montour county, died on Monday morning after an illness of two weeks. He was the proprietor of what is known as Billmeyer's Hotel. He is survived by his wife, and a daughter, Mrs. Charles Martz, who lives near Jerseytown.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office: Mrs. M. Autchum, Mr. J. W. Andress, Miss Ida Boyer, Mr. William Crabb, Mr. W. C. Hood, George W. Thompson, Annie Smith, Mr. E. Paul Wright, Mr. E. Woodward. Cards: Geo. Hess.

The engagement of Miss Estelle Rodgers, of Germantown to Mr James B. Wilbur of Chicago is announced. The young lady is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Rodgers of 422 Chelten Avenue, Germantown, formerly of Bloomsburg, and a niece of Mrs. Paul E. Wirt.

Mrs. John Chrisman died from heart disease, after a long illness, at her home on Railroad street, last Thursday morning, aged fifty years. She is survived by her husband and one daughter, Miss Margaret. The funeral services were held on Saturday afternoon at half past one.

Automobiles operated in Pennsylvania next year will carry yellow tags with black letters and figures. This design has been selected by State Highway Commissioner Hunter. The idea of the commission is to have the tags next year as different as possible from those with white letters on a red ground, in use this year, and those with white letters on a blue ground, issued in 1906. There have already been issued this year 20,000 licenses, bringing a revenue to the department of $60,000, a portion of which is now being used to experiment with patent dust layers on public roads.

Few Pennsylvanians realize that their state ranks sixth in the union in the value of her tobacco crop, because in only five counties—Lancaster and York in the southeast; Clinton in the centre, and Tioga and Bradford in the north—is tobacco culture extensively practiced. In the census year, however, Pennsylvania had nearly 28,000 acres under tobacco, and produced 41,500,000 pounds of leaf, worth $2,960,000. Moreover, she had 2,664 manufacturing establishments, chiefly cigar factories, with nearly $14,000,000 capital, employing 25,000 wage earners, paying nearly $8,500,000 wages, consuming 29,000,000 pounds of tobacco and other raw materials, at a cost of $11,600,000 and putting out over 1,600,000,000 cigars, valued at $30,000,000.

Hess' Farm Sold.

H. W. Hess has sold his stock farm at Mifflinville to some Wilkes-Barre parties for $30,000. The farm includes two hundred acres of land, and lies along the river above Mifflinville. It is in fine condition and has first class buildings for a stock farm. Mr. Hess has been engaged in stock raising for some years, Jersey cattle being his specialty.

The new owners will go under the name of the Riverview Dairy Farm Company, with Russell L. Andreas as manager.

Washington Lodge Will Entertain.

Washington Lodge F. & A. M. has issued invitations to the members of the Blue Lodges of Berwick, Danville, Catawissa and Orangeville, to attend a housewarming at their new quarters in Caldwell Cathedral, on Monday, October 14th.

A banquet will be served by the members of St. Margaret's Guild, and it is expected that at least four hundred will be present.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.

Ent Buildin Bloomsburg, Pa

FINE PARK ALONG D. & B.

Will be Completed This Fall—Will Surpass Anything in This Section of the State.

The Danville *Morning News* of Monday says:

A magnificent park—eclipsing anything of its kind in this part of the State—midway between Danville and Bloomsburg. Work on the construction will begin at once and will be entirely completed this fall.

The Danville and Bloomsburg Street Railway company is back of the enterprise, and has secured the co operation of Mr. A. Jahn, of Reading, the millionaire park promoter, who has personally perfected the plans and will direct the construction. Mr. Jahn and Thomas B. Illig, a member of the board of directors, were in Danville Saturday completing arrangements for the new amusement place.

In an interview with a News reporter Mr. Jahn said that the new park would be modern and up-to-date in every particular, embracing the finest of everything that can be procured in the way of open air diversions.

The feature of the park will be the pavilion, 70 feet by 150 feet and of ornate construction, including a fine maple dancing floor. Another feature will be the roller coaster and still another the 40-foot electric carousel. All of these principal features of the park are to be grouped in one place on the grounds, occupying a plot 70 feet by 400 feet, so that in case of inclement weather it will not be necessary to step from shelter in order to reach any one of numerous amusements in the park.

There will also be erected a big station for the arriving and departing trolley parties. There will be several private dining rooms, shelter pavilions, everything in the booth line, benches, tables, and in fact everything that would go to complete a first class resort.

LOCATION NOT MADE PUBLIC.

The trolley officials refused to divulge the location of the new park, stating that for business reasons they desired that this remain a secret for several days. They said, however, that the site was in one of the prettiest groves along the line, about half way between Danville and Bloomsburg and of easy access to the trolley line. The park will include 30 acres of woodland.

WILL INSTALL LIGHT PLANT.

To light the new park it is estimated that it will require at least 10,000 incandescent lamps, and to meet the additional current needed for the lighting the trolley company will install an electric lighting plant of its own in connection with the power house at Grovania.

Four Parties File Nomination Papers

There will be four parties represented on the State ticket to be voted in November next, the Democratic, Republican, Prohibition and Socialist parties having nominated and filed their nomination papers in the State department.

Thursday was the last day for filing nomination papers for the State ticket, and the names filed at the department will very likely be those to be printed on the ballot. In case of vacancies on the ticket they can be filled at any reasonable time, giving the county commissioners opportunity to print the ballots.

If there be any objections to candidates on the State ticket they must be filed by today, as the time for filing objections expires then.

The ballots will be certified to the county commissioners as soon as it is ascertained that there are no contests and no vacancies, and the trouble of last year, when there was so much delay all over the State in the printing of the ballots will be averted.

Paper napkins and doilies at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Berwick Land and Improvement Co. to Adam Algott for a lot of ground in North Berwick.

J. F. McHenry to George B. Dresher for a tract of land in Stillwater.

John Hollman and wife to Konstanty Kimsal for 38 acres and 64 perches of land in Franklin township.

C. B. Ent, Sheriff, to G. B. Sigmund for five acres and 1502 perches of land in Cleveland township.

20 Minute Schedule on D. & B.

The Danville and Bloomsburg trolley line have arranged to run cars every twenty minutes between Danville and Bloomsburg on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday during the fair. They are selling tickets at 6 for 25 cents during those days.

Clever Swindler in Operation.

He Substitutes a Pair of Worthless Eye Glasses for a Good Pair.

Now you see; now you don't see.

This expression of illusionists and magicians fits exactly with the methods employed by a swindler who for the past few weeks has been operating in the surrounding towns, and who is probably in Bloomsburg this week.

The swindler has been using a very clever substitution game with a pair of eye glasses. The man sells the eye glasses to the party, and by the way the first pair are gold and fully worth the price paid for them, but the swindling part comes in a few days later, when after making the sale he returns to the party and asks to see the glasses and while examining them he cleverly substitutes a worthless pair and leaves them with the victim.

At Shamokin several parties were victimized before the swindle was discovered. The man was sought for by the police of that place, but at the hotel where he was stopping it was found that he had departed.

Concert at Orangeville.

An edifying concert will be given in the Academy Hall of Orangeville on Saturday, October 19th, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Union church. The exercises will consist of dramatic and comedy renditions and vocal selections of a high class. They will be rendered by Mrs. F. F. Fisher, Elocutionist, of Tamaqua, Pa., assisted by a wonderfully talented and clever girl of 13 years of age. Mrs. Fisher is a graduate of Shaftsburg College of Elocution of Baltimore, and has toured the South and West for churches and hospitals. Her concert is highly recommended by Prof. Y. F. Derr, Principal of the Tamaqua High School. All are cordially invited. Exercises will begin at 8:15 p. m. Admission, children 15 cents; adults 20 cents; reserved seats 25 cents.

A BIG AUTO.

A big sight-seeing car, a type of automobile seldom seen in Bloomsburg, made its appearance in this town yesterday and attracted a good deal of attention. The car, which is owned by W. A. Heller, has just returned from Milton, where it was in commission carrying people from the town out to the fair ground.

In point of speed it is right up to the smaller cars, while the interior is comfortable and commodious. The car will seat twenty persons without crowding. In cases of necessity the big auto will carry fifty-five persons.

The car is being used at the Bloomsburg fair this week.

CASE SETTLED.

The suit of Webb Wright against the Town of Bloomsburg for damages for injuries received by falling over stones piled on the sidewalk in front of the Western Union Telegraph office while the street paving was in progress, has been settled for $50,00.

The United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company, which was the surety for Fowler and Mellick, the paving contractors, it is said will agree to become liable for the maintenance of the street pavement for two years. It begins to look now as though the paving matter would soon be amicably adjusted.

JUBILEE ANNIVERSARY.

There will be a Jubilee Anniversary service in the Ikeler M. E. Church the coming Sunday, Oct. 13, at 10:30 a. m. Preaching by Rev. G. V. Savage, the tireless veteran of the Conference, and the male quartette of Millville will do the singing.

Rev. R. H. Gilbert D. D. will preach in the Ikeler M. E. Church on the coming Friday evening, Oct. 11, 7:30. Everybody invited.

Preaching at Eyers Grove on Sunday at 3 p. m., and at Jerseytown 7:30. At each of these appointments Rev. Mr. Savage will officiate.

ATHLETICS COMING.

A game of base ball has been arranged between the celebrated Athletics of Philadelphia, and a picked nine from this county. It will take place on the Normal Athletic field on Monday, October 14. S. R. Bidleman has arranged all the preliminaries, and will get together the best players in the county for the occasion.

JERSEYS

Combination and Golden Lad

FOR SALE—2 Cows, 3 Heifers and 12 Bulls.

S. E. NIVIN, Landenburg, Pa.

5-23-1y*

DO IT NOW!

Do not put it off, but go to the CLARK STORE and select your new Fall Suit. Their styles are the very latest. The materials the latest, good qualities—but lowest prices.

That New Coat, a line double the size usually shown. As one customer remarked, "when will you sell them all," but then she bought as others have and will do. Prices and qualities always go together.

Children's Coats—a big line, come and see them, all styles.

Every Department of the CLARK STORE is now filled with the newest goods for the season. All Welcome.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.

Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00

Our Price $1.00

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Date.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

FORTIFYING PHILIPPINES

Great Guns To Guard Subig Bay; New Manila Defences.

WASHINGTON DENIES

Strong Indications of an Understanding Between the Kaiser and Mr. Roosevelt—German Fleet May Come Here—The Unprotected Atlantic Coast.

Manila, Oct. 9.—The engineers and marines have made remarkable progress in rushing the work on the fortifications, despite heavy rains and poor transportation facilities. Twenty-four guns have been installed on Grande Island, at the entrance to Subig Bay, including ten of 6.5 inch calibre, the best navy gun, which are mounted on the heights.

Complementary forts have been erected on the mainland. In the meantime satisfactory work is being done on larger and permanent fortifications on Corregidor Island, at the mouth of Manila Bay, an dat the torpedo station.

The troops throughout the islands have been actively practising and are now in splendid condition. The local naval squadron was engaged in manoeuvres during last week, and will practise night tactics this week. Thus all branches of the service, though small in numbers, are being made efficient.

Washington, Oct. 9.—While the Navy Department reiterated its denial of the report from London that guns of the Dreadnought type had been purchased by the United States Government in England and shipped to the Philippines, the fact came to light that a supply of Whitehead torpedoes had been bought in England by the Navy Department for use on board American warships.

Recent reports that some sort of amicable understanding exists between the United States and Germany were received in a rumor that the German Government would send a fleet to visit ports in this country as an evidence of friendship and regard.

MRS CHADWICK VERY ILL.

Woman Bank Wrecker Succumbing to Heart and Stomach Trouble.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 9.—Mrs Cassie Chadwick, who is serving a term in the Ohio Penitentiary for wrecking the bank at Oberlin, Ohio, is reported to be gradually becoming

MRS. CASSIE CHADWICK.

weaker. Dr. A. G. Helmick, attending physician, said today:—"Mrs. Chadwick is not so well.. She appears to be gradually growing weaker. Her temperature is about normal." The cause is stomach and heart trouble. She was delirious for a short time.

PLEADS FOR STRONG NAVY.

Pacific As Well As Atlantic "Our Coast," Says President.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 9.—Of all President Roosevelt's visits to St. Louis his latest was in many respects the most striking. It seemed that the entire Mississippi Valley had taken a day off in order to extend a welcome.

That portion of his speech devoted to the upbuilding of the navy as an instrument of peace was especially well received. When he spoke of the fleet going to the Pacific and then returning, he departed from the printed text of his remarks and spoke of the Atlantic being "our coast" and the Pacific being "our coast." "Both are our home waters," he said, "and some of our friends on the Atlantic need to learn that fundamental fact." There was great laughter at this. "They'll grasp it yet," predicted the President.

Bryan on President's Speech.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 9.—President Roosevelt's idea of centralizing federal control of corporations, as outlined in his speech in St. Louis, was vigorously attacked by W. J. Bryan while in St. Louis to address a men's meeting at the Central Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Bryan declared the President's position was not only erroneous but dangerous, in that it would result in weakening the power of the State to protect its people and remove control from the State to the nation.

TO SEE MRS. EDDY.

Countess Passes Through City on the Way To Visit Scientist.

New York, Oct. 9.—Her wish to be near Mrs. Eddy and the source of Christian Science teachings was the cause of the departure from this city for Boston of the Countess of Dunmore, who has suffered a deep bereavement in the death of her husband. The Earl of Dunmore, who

MRS. MARY BAKER EDDY.

died on August 28, was one of the most prominent Christian Scientists in Great Britain.

When attacks were made on Mrs. Eddy by her "next friends," who sought to prove that she was incompetent to manage her affairs, the nobleman was one of the stanchest supporters of her cause. He had contributed large sums of money to the upbuilding in England of the cult to which he was a devoted adherent. The Countess of Dunmore is as earnest a follower of the precepts of Mrs. Eddy as was her husband.

It is reported that she has purchased a house at Brookline, Mass., where she will make her home for several months at a time in order to be near Mrs. Eddy, who resides at Concord, N. H. The Countess came here on a steamship of the Cunard line.

PLANNED TO SLAY.

Wholesale Murder Plot Discovered; Governor Intended Victim.

Denver, Col., Oct. 9.—That Governor Buchtel, David Moffatt, C. B. Kountze, a banker; Lawrence Phipps and Edward Chase, a gambler of prominence, were doomed to die at the hands of dynamiters was the astonishing discovery made by accident and reported to the police in time to prevent the killing of Chase and his family.

Enough of the deadly explosive was found by the police concealed near the Chase house to have blown up the State Capitol, and it is considered certain that had not the discovery been made some of the most prominent families in the State would have perished along with Chase and his family.

Kemp V. Bigelow, a clerk employed in a local bookstore, is the hero of the story which reads almost like a dime novel.

Dropping down behind a tree, he crawled through the grass toward two men until in the stillness he could hear their whispers. According to Bigelow, he heard:

"We are going to get Moffatt, Kountze, Buchtel, Phipps and "Ed" Chase. We are going to get Chase to-night. We have the dynamite already there, and I am to meet Jim on this street now in a few minutes and we are going there to get her to touch her off. Jim is in the park and is coming up this way. You can"—

AIRGRAM GOES ASTRAY.

Marconi Operator At Cape Breton "Picks Up" a Message.

Sydney, N. S., Oct. 9.—While the Marconi wireless telegraphy experts here were testing several new receiving cones on the tops of the towers at the Port Morien station, an operator in a room below picked up the wireless station at Manila in the Philippine Islands.

The message received was that the United States cruiser Philadelphia had arrived at that point and that all on board were well.

The experiments were made to intercept messages sent by th naval wireless companies. It is asserted that the Marconi service cannot be intercepted nor interrupted.

In explaining this wholly unexpected exploit, the Marconi experts say that the receiving cone at Port Morien, twenty-five miles east of Sydney, must have been in perfect tune with the apparatus at Manila.

Thaw Trial Date.

New York, Oct. 9.—Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Harry K. Thaw, appeared before Justice Dowling in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court and asked that an early date be set for the second trial of his client for the murder of Stanford White, the architect. District Attorney Jerome, in behalf of the State, said that the calendar was is such condition that it would be impossible to call the trial before Dec. 2. Mr. Littleton consented and Justice Dowling fixed the date mentioned for the opening of the second Thaw trial.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Pittsburg delegates to the Deep Waterways Convention declared there was never any danger of collision between the President's boat and the vessel chartered by the Pittsburg men.

Arrangements to take the gate receipts of the Jamestown Exposition to repay the balance of the government loan were begun by the Treasury Department.

Effort was made by Augustus Hartje, of Pittsburg, to have the Hartje divorce case reopened in Philadelphia, on the ground that new and sensational evidence had been discovered.

American strike breakers landed at Havana as "tourists," and Cuban labor leaders made charges in court against immigration authorities for permitting the men to go ashore.

Secretary of State Root attended several functions in the City of Mexico.

The Massachusetts Ballot Law Commission was asked to throw out both democratic State tickets nominated at Springfield.

Heated argument arose at the Protestant Episcopal Convention, in Richmond, Va., over a question of changing the name of the Church.

Fourten million dollars in taxes were paid in New York on the first day on which payment could be made, establishing a new record.

District Attorney Jerome made an attack on what he believes to be Tammany Hall's plan to put "hack politicians" on the Bench.

Answering the government's suit in which the appointment of receivers was asked for, the American Tobacco Company and its allied corporations declare they have stimulated competition rather than crushed it.

More revelations on the working of the Galena Signal Oil Company were made public at the Standard Oil investigation.

Colonel David E. Austen testified before the Wainwright Commission that the whole coast artillery is not large enough to man the fortifications of New York in case of war.

Formation of a new political organization, the American party, to fight the spread of Mormonism has been begun in the West.

Discussion of the third term question brought out the belief that President Roosevelt could not control the candidate chosen by the republicans.

Virginia members of Congress declared the United States should get rid of the Philippines by granting the island independence.

Hindus driven out of Bellingham and other Puget Sound ports are secretly returning to Washington cities, but few find work to do.

Pittsburg despatches reported the Jones & Laughlin interests about to enter the steel rail making business in opposition to the United States Steel Corporation.

Important developments are expected in the suit of the Buck Stave and Range Company to restrain the American Federation of Labor from boycotting its products, which is to be tried in Washington, D. C.

Dr. and Mrs. Rowland were acquitted at Raleigh, N. C., of a charge of having murdered Mrs. Rowland's first husband.

Thousands of persons in the open air heard the Bishop of London speak from the portico of the Capitol at Richmond.

Cornell University's expedition to Asia Minor reported several new discoveries regarding the ancient people of that country.

Major Henry B. Hersey, chief inspector of the Weather Bureau, advocated the establishing of a war balloon department by the government.

William F. Coxford, a gun dealer, was killed and his wife seriously injured in a runaway on Riverside Drive, New York.

Experiments are to be made in the Cornell University Medical School to find the germ of distemper among dogs and whether human beings are susceptible to it.

That the President has no idea of boasism in connection with the Taft candidacy was announced in despatches from St. Louis.

The Bishop of London delivered a sermon against "The New Theology" at the Protestant Episcopal Convention in Richmond, Va.

Mrs. Katherine Dargatz and her nine year old adopted son were found murdered in a barn near Albany, N. Y., and her husband was arrested.

Only one American steamship company bid for transporting coal for the battle ship fleet at a price within President Roosevelt's stipuation, and this for only one-tenth of the amount of fuel required.

Manila despatches say the Philippines are in a furore over the plan to sell the islands to the natives.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, was declared not guilty of land frauds.

Lemuel E. Quigg, questioned by W. M. Ivins, revealed more of the secrets of the traffic fights.

The Western Union Telegraph Company made a new contract with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and settled long standing disputes.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A special cable despatch from St. Petersburg states that political strife has reached a dangerous point in Voronezh and the surrounding provinces.

In a special cable message from Berlin it is stated that the Princess Ida Reuss, her sister, the Countess Emma Kunigl, and the Baroness Marie Gragnoni, were endangered in a serious automobile mishap near the Greiz palace.

The previous announcement that Herr von Tschirschky had been appointed as Germany's Ambassador at Vienna has bees officially confirmed, says a Berlin special cable despatch.

According to a Tokio despatch, many additional promotions to the peerage are to be made soon by the Imperial Japanese government.

In Paris the Holy Trinity Lodge's new hospital addition was inaugurated, according to a despatch.

M. Tazi, Moorish envoy now in Paris, says that the Sultan seeks to co-operate with France and gives suggestions for organizing the international police.

Secretary of War Taft in an audience with the Japanese Emperor was reported to have extended to him hopes for peace.

SPORTING NEWS.

James R. Keene's Colin won the colt division of the Matron Stake at Belmont Park, and Harry Payne Whitney's Stamina won the filly division of the same stake.

Miss Margaret Curtis, with a record of 95, led the field in the qualifying round for the women's golf championship at the Midlothian links, near Chicago.

The automobile industry abroad is believed to be facing a crisis.

A handicap lawn tennis tournament was begun at Hot Springs with New Yorkers victorious.

RUSH BUMBLEBEES.

Washington Hurries Two Cigar Boxes Full to the Philippines.

Washington, Oct. 9.—In response to a rush order cabled from the Philippines two cigar boxes full of bumblebees are hurrying across the continent bound for the islands.

The Philippines specialists of the Agricultural Department have been making exhaustive experiments in Luzon in th cross fertilization of certain plants. Repeated tests with the common or busy bee showed it to be unequal to the task, but complete success crowned the efforts of the scientists when they tried the bumblebee, the hereditary enemy of the small boy.

The experts made requision upon the department in Washington for a consignment of the insect, but inability to cage a sufficient number delayed the shipment.

As the season in which the bumblebee can make himself useful in the fertilization is rapidly nearing an end in the Philippines the experts cabled the department to rush them through what thy had, and the bees started, provided with every comfort the ingenuity of the Agricultural Department could devise for them on their long journey.

Heroine Gave Her Life.

New London, Conn., Oct. 8.—While Mrs. Mary A. Collins and Mrs. Herrick, wife of a coachman in the employ of Frederick T. Mason, were strolling on Charles R. Hanscom's wharf at Pequot Avenue, Mrs. Herrick slipped and fell into the harbor. Mrs. Collins immediately jumped into the water and attempted to save her companion. Both women were rescued by John A. Scott and other employes of the Scott Wrecking Company, but Mrs. Collins died later from the shock.

Cuban Strikers Attack Trains.

Havana, Cuba, Oct. 8.—Declaring that they will oppose the landing of the strike breakers from the United States who are due to arrive here soon, the striking engine drivers of the United Railway have already resorted to violence. The train from Havana to Catabano was stopped at San Felipe and the fireman compelled to abandon his post. At Catabano another train was stopped by the strikers, the engine crew driven off and the passengers thrown into a panic.

Set Hotel Fence Afire.

Atlantic City, Oct. 9.—William Sinnott of New York was ejected from the Hotel Burton on South North Carolina Avenue, recently. To get even, Sinnott set fire to the fence that surrounds the hotel. He was arrested ,and when arraigned before the Recorder, he said he did not realize what he was doing and had no intention of committing a crime. He was fined $15 and ordered to leave the resort.

M'DONALD EXPLAINS FLOP

Went Over To Metropolitan Expecting Great Things.

TELLS INSIDE HISTORY

The Inter-Met Merger Surprised Him and He Feels Slighted, Though He Got $250,000 Cash and $50,000 a Year Since—Some Subway Financiering.

New York, Oct. 9.—John B. McDonald recited before the Public Service Commission the inside history of his flop in the early part of 1905 from the Belmont to the Metropolitan Street Railway interests. Mr. McDonald said that he had had a misunderstanding with Mr. Belmont both in regard to plans for future work and in regard to financial matters, and that he had gone over to the other side under assurances that the Metropolitan Street Railway Company would build new subways if the contract was awarded to them.

Mr. McDonald went ahead upon these assurances and entered into obligations. But one day he awoke to the fact that the Metropolitan and the Interborough companies had merged. Mr. McDonald declared that he knew absolutely nothing about the merger until he saw the announcement on the bulletin boards.

He protested. The Metropolitan Securities Company thereupon paid him $150,000 for a release from its contract obligations toward the proposed extension of the subway system and $100,000 for a further release from obligations toward the McDonald project of building two tunnels under the North River. Besides this the Interborough-Metropolitan company entered into a five year contract with Mr. McDonald to pay him $50,000 a year for the privilege of calling upon him in the future. Thus far Mr. McDonald has been drawing his salary and waiting for a call.

BACON MAY SUCCEED TOWER.

Berlin Hears That Assistant State Secretary Will Be Named.

Berlin, Oct. 9.—It is reported in well-informed quarters that Assistant Secretary of State Bacon will be appointed as Ambassador Tower's successor.

ROBERT BACON.

Mr. Tower has asked to be relieved as United States Ambassador to Germany on account of his private business affairs.

Rescued Morgan's Portrait.

New York, Oct. 9.—The oil painting of J. Pierpont Morgan, which was sold at public auction at the Appraiser's Stores to "Tom" Wallace, a saloonkeeper, at 36 Sixth Avenue, was rescued from the fate for which it was destined by being bought by H. H. Topahyan, a Persian dealer in antiques. Mr. Topahyan went to the saloon and made Mr. Wallace an offer for the picture just as it was being hung in the appointed place behind the bar with fitting ceremonies.

Explosion Kills 4, Injures 20.

Butler, Pa., Oct. 9.—An explosion caused by the upsetting of the metal pot in the No. 1 cupola of the Standard Steel Company, caused the death of four men, fatally injuring twenty, and seriously injured ten others. Nearly all the men were foreigners. The large wheel plant, 150 by 100 feet was demolished, causing a loss estimated at $100,000.

Dodging Fine, Elopes.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 9.—Mayor Bennett, of Fort Dodge, who recently gained fame by issuing a ukase that old bachelors within the city must wed within a year or pay a fine, has been taken at his word by Nolan Snow, a chauffeur, who eloped with the Mayor's daughter, Mabel The elopers were wed in Fort Dodge and fled to Des Moines.

Bryan Celebrates Anniversary.

Lincoln, Neb, Oct. 9—Mr. and Mrs. William Jennings Bryan on Tuesday celebrated the twenty-third anniversary of their marriage by giving a dinner to neighbors and friends.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT
Oct. ....105 Dec. ..1.10¾ May ..1.13⅝
CORN
Oct. ....74 Dec. .....70 May 66⅞
OATS.—Mixed, @ 53½c.
MILK.—4c. per quart.
BUTTER
CREAMERY.—Western, extra ⅝ .29¼
Firsts 28a29c. State dairy, finest 28a28¼
CHEESE
State, full cream .14½ Small .15
EGGS
Nearby—Fancy 30a32c State—Good to choice .26a28 Western—Firsts .22a23
BEEVES.—City dres'd. 8½a10¾c.
CALVES—City dres'd. 9a15c. Country dressed per lb. 7a12c.
SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. $3.50a5.50.
HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. $6.95a7.25.
HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.05.
STRAW.—Long rye,55a70c.
LIVE POULTRY
FOWLS.—Per lb. a16c.
CHICKENS.—Spring, per lb., a15c.
DUCKS.—Per lb. 12a14c.
DRESSED POULTRY
TURKEYS.—Per lb. 10a16c.
FOWLS.—Per lb. 12a14c.
CHICKENS.—Phila., per lb., 22a24c.
VEGETABLES
POTATOES.—L. I. per bbl., $2.00a$2.25.
CUCUMBERS.—per bbl. $1.25a2.25.
ONIONS.—White, per bbl. $2.50a3.00.
LETTUCE.—per Basket, .50ca$1.75.
BEETS.— per 100 bunches. $1.00a1.25.
GREEN CORN.—per 100, .75ca$1.50.
TOMATOES—per box, .25a75c.

FINANCIAL.

The last week on the Paris Bourse, a despatch says, confirmed the opinion of the Herald's financial correspondent that greater activity depends on more steadiness in Wall street and proof that copper will not go lower.

The London stock market, according to a cable, is quite strong. No fears are felt regarding the monetary situation, despite the talk of gold imports.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Final Standing of the Clubs.

National.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	107	45	.704
Pittsburg	91	63	.591
Philadelphia	83	64	.566
New York	82	71	.536
Brooklyn	65	83	.439
Cincinnati	66	87	.431
Boston	58	90	.392
St. Louis	52	101	.340

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Detroit	92	58	.613
Philadelphia	88	57	.607
Chicago	87	64	.576
Cleveland	85	67	.559
New York	70	78	.473
St. Louis	69	83	.454
Boston	59	90	.396
Washington	49	102	.325

Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler.

This distinguished New Yorker, who is mentioned in the South as a possible nominee of the Democratic party for president, will be a guest of the Georgia State Fair in Atlanta.

Mitchell Seriously Ill.

Indianapolis, Oct. 9.—The condition of John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, is giving his friends here much concern, and some of those who are associated with him express the belief that he will never again be well.

He has never fully recovered from the operation he underwent last spring. There have been strong symptoms lately of appendicitis and it is probable that another operation may be necessary.

School Teachers On Strike.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 4.—The Board of Education of Syracuse, Meigs county, reported to State School Commissioner Jones that the teachers employed there are out on a strike. The law requires that teachers shall be paid not less than $40 a month, but the Board of Education of Syracuse having made a minimum school levy of twelve mills, finds itself upable to pay more than $25 a month.

Jersey Pie To Cost More.

Jersey City, Oct. 4.—The Boss Bakers' Association of Hudson County held a meeting in Jersey City and later gave notice that on Jan. 1 next they will raise the price of bread, pies, and cake 20 per cent.

They say the advance is necessary on acount of the increased cost of material and labor.

MONEY IN PARIS REFUSE

Elaborate System of Unofficial Salvage.

DECEPTIONS PRACTICED

The Only Thing That's No Good When Worn Out is Paper Money—Transmogrification sof Old Shoes—Post-Mortem Glories of the Rabbits and Hares.

The housekeepers of Paris throw away $10,000 worth of usable stuff daily, or nearly $6,000,000 worth a year; but not a dollar of it is lost. No city of its size in the world has so thorough a salvage system, says the Philadelphia Record.

A few years ago, when the municipality first adopted an ordinance requiring the use of metal garbage receptacles, the unofficial salvage corps rose in revolt. They had meetings and a procession. Then the discovery was made that 40,000 citizens depended for their livelihood upon the refuse of the city.

Their rights were recognized. It was arranged that the chiffoniers, as they call the people who dig through the receptacles, should do so indoors in the early mornings before the city wagons came around to collect the garbage.

They forthwith divided up the field among themselves. Each one took possession of a territory. There is no law covering the matter, but the territories came to be regarded as vested rights.

They are sold nowadays as a doctor sells his practice, and they fetch from $10 to perhaps $60, depending on the wealth of the quarter. Of course they are not freeholds. Rent or commission is paid in one way or another.

In poor neighborhoods the chiffonier puts the garbage cans out on the sidewalk, thus saving the concierge from having to get out of bed in the chilly dawn to do so. In houses where the pickings are good a few francs a week may have to be paid here and there to hold the circuit.

The chiffonier of today has a cart and sometimes a bony nag to draw it. Sometimes he and his wife draw it—or maybe the wife alone. He has besides a hovel and a yard somewhere out in the grimiest suburbs. This is where he assorts his gatherings in the forenoon, for sale later in the day to the wholesalers.

One of the most profitable species of refuse is old shoes; nothing in them goes to waste. There are wholesalers who specialize in them.

They are carefully dissected. Wooden heels are sold for kindling. Soles are carefully detached from uppers and trimmed into new soles. A man's can be cut down to a woman's size, a woman's to a child's.

Some manufacturers make a specialty of these restorations. A new slab of leather makes them look all right outside; a thin lining is pasted over them inside. The manufacturers pay the wholesalers a cent each for such soles.

There are sixty wholesalers engaged in this trade; they employ from ten to a dozen men each day at $1 a day. They produce, it is estimated, 500,000 soles a year.

The shoes are entirely taken apart. The nails, heeltaps and eyelets, if any, are allowed to fall on the floor. When they are swept up the iron is separated simply by applying strong magnets to the mass. It is sold to one smelter as scrap and the brass goes to another.

The useless leather scraps are sold to the chemical works at Ivry, where they are converted into fertilizers. So sweeping is the salvage work of this industry that the parings of horses' hoofs from the blacksmiths' shops are collected to the extent of 600,000 pounds a year. The volume of leather scrap is estimated at 3,600,000 pounds.

Rabbit and hare are favorite delicacies in France. Every day, it is estimated, about 15,000 of their skins get into the hands of the furriers.

All are scrupulously cleaned and sterilized. They are shaved by machinery down to the very skin and the hair is made up into fine felt hats.

The rabbit or hare skin that is to figure as fur is treated with distinguished consideration. It is cured and softened. The pure white ones are picked out for ermine. All the others are dyed into chinchilla, otter or silver fox.

As the fur of these animals always has a characteristic depth, the skins are passed through shaving machines which trim down the hair to the standard length, to a hundredth of an inch. It appears that the hare of no country equals that of France in its fitness for this sort of counterfeit. The best skins when made up can be detected only by experts.

Only one thing in Paris is totally useless when it reaches the refuse stage. That thing is paper money. It is true that the worn out money of the Bank of France is ground into pulp like any other waste paper, but it is so greasy from handling that it would not pay to cleanse it for remanufacture.

The principal railroads of France contemplate substituting automobiles for motive power used on some of the branch roads where the travel is light.

A Square Deal

Is assured you when you buy Dr. Pierce's family medicines—for all the ingredients entering into them are printed on the bottle-wrappers and their formulas are attested under oath as being complete and correct. You know just what you are paying for and that the ingredients are gathered from Nature's laboratory, being selected from the most valuable native medicinal roots found growing in our American forests and while potent to cure are perfectly harmless even to the most delicate women and children. Not a drop of alcohol enters into their composition. A much better agent is used both for extracting and preserving the medicinal principles used in them, viz.—pure triple-refined glycerine. This agent possesses intrinsic medicinal properties of its own, being a most valuable antiseptic and antiferment, nutritive and soothing demulcent.

Glycerine plays an important part in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia and weak stomach, attended by sour risings, heart-burn, foul breath, coated tongue, poor appetite, gnawing feeling in stomach, biliousness and kindred derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Besides curing all the above distressing ailments, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a specific for all diseases of the mucous membranes, as catarrh, whether of the nasal passages or of the stomach, bowels or pelvic organs. Even in its ulcerative stages it will yield to this sovereign remedy if its use be persevered in. In Chronic Catarrh of the Nasal passages, it is well, while taking the "Golden Medical Discovery" for the necessary constitutional treatment, to cleanse the passages freely two or three times a day with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. This thorough course of treatment generally cures the worst cases.

In coughs and hoarseness caused by bronchial, throat and lung affections, except consumption in its advanced stages, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a most efficient remedy, especially in those obstinate, hang-on coughs caused by irritation and congestion of the bronchial mucous membranes. The "Discovery" is not so good for acute coughs arising from sudden colds, nor must it be expected to cure consumption in its advanced stages—no medicine will do that—but for all the obstinate, chronic coughs, which, if neglected, or badly treated, lead up to consumption, it is the best medicine that can be taken.

To Avoid Nearsightedness.

Theoretically, the guard for the eyes shown in the illustration presents a very good idea. Whether its use is practical is an open question. It is well known that children as a rule are inclined, while reading, to hold the book too close to the eyes. This habit is still more marked in writing than reading, and, in time, undoubtedly is responsible for nearsightedness. Statisticians claim that

the poor eyesight prevalent among children of all countries can be attributed to this cause. A German has designed this guard especially to prevent holding the head too low while reading or writing. It is simply a wire framework which can be readily clamped to the book. The position of the upper bar does not obscure the view in the least, but a child would experience difficulty in inserting the head in the frame. The idea is at all events a commendable one, and, if not practical in this form, is certainly so in another.

A Fruitarian Diet.

A fruitarian diet consists of the fruits of trees (like apples, oranges, bananas and olives), the fruits of plants (like strawberries and melons lentils and beans and cucumbers), the fruits of grasses (like wheat and barley and maize and oats), the fruits of nut trees (from filbert to cocoanut), together with some earth fruits (like potatoes), and a modicum of vegetables and salads. To these may be added butter, milk, honey and cheese, although their production is not so free from risk of contamination and animal infection as is the case with the products of the vegetable kingdom and the world of fruits. Grown under healthy conditions, with diseased specimens easy to detect and remove, it is far more possible to live healthily and well upon a fruitarian dietary than upon the products of the slaughter house.—Westminster Review.

Average Speed of Clouds.

A member of the staff of the Blue Hill Observatory, near Boston, has reported that observations made there show that the average speed with which clouds, between 8,000 and 9,000 feet high, move is sixty miles an hour in midsummer and one hundred and ten miles an hour in midwinter. The swiftest flight of a cloud yet measured was 230 miles an hour.

China's Mania for Railroads.

Hardly a province of China has escaped the recent mania for railways, and if all the lines projected are carried out some of the remotest parts of the Empire will be rendered easy of access by the iron road.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Chocolate and Cocoa.

Chocolate and cocoa are not likely to oust coffee and tea in the national affections but they are pushing hard. We are spending a million dollars a month for cacao, which is the raw product from which both cocoa and chocolate are obtained.

During the last ten years our importations of cacao have increased 400 per cent, while those of coffee have increased only 39 per cent, and those of tea have decreased 14 per cent. At the present time cacao is gaining on its rivals at a more rapid rate than ever before.

Most of the cacao consumed in America comes from Brazil, the British West Indies and the West Indian Islands.

It is during the last three years, according to What to Eat that the increase in cacao importations has been most marked. Manufacturers have been forced to make addition after addition to the capacity of their plants, to increase their working forces to enormous proportions, and still it has been almost impossible for them to fill all orders on time.

Importers of raw products from the tropics are doing the most rushing business of their lives, and importers of prepared cocoas from Europe are busy to keep from being trampled under foot by American enterprise in feeding the chocolate tooth Uncle Sam has cut.

The cocoa bean possesses more nitrogen than wheat flour, and about twenty times as much fatty matter as wheat flour. One half of the weight of cocoa is cocoa butted and one third starch.

In Central America cocoa constitutes the principal ration employed by river expeditions; in South America cocoa and maize cakes, comprising a large amount of nourishment in very small bulk, are used as food for travelers on long overland trips; a case is recorded of a man who attained the age of a hunded years who ate nothing but chocolate and biscuit for thirty years.

Wigs Made of Spun Glass.

The enormous feminine demand for artificial coils and toupees is leading to a famine in human hair. Formerly Swiss German and Hungarian girls supplied the world of fashionable women with luxuriant tresses of all tints.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LUIGI RATTI, LATE OF THE PROVINCE OF COMO, ITALY.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Luigi Ratti, late of the Province of Como, Italy, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

EMANUEL GERLI,
Administrator,
ROUNDS & SCHURMAN, New York City.
96 Broadway, N. Y.
JOHN G. HARMAN,
238 Center St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Attorneys. 10-10-6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN RE ESTATE OF MARY A. PURSEL, A LUNATIC.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, to report distribution of the funds in the hands of J. R. Montgomery, Committee, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit for the purpose of his appointment at the office of H. A. M'Killip, Esq., on the 2nd floor, in the Columbian Building, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, November 2nd, 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

J. H. MAIZE,
10-10-4t. Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Alias Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY; OCTOBER 19, 1907

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the Borough of Catawissa, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded on the North by an alley a distance of eighty feet, on the East by land of O. D. L. Kostenbauder a distance of one hundred and fifty feet, on the South by Mill Street a distance of eighty feet, and on the West by lots of Claudia Guie and Enolia Guie a distance of hundred and fifty feet.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Borough of Catawissa, H. C. Thomas, Collector vs. William H. Rhawn, and Columbia County vs. William H. Rhawn, and to be sold as the property of William H. Rhawn.

CHARLES B. ENT,
Sheriff.
L. C. Mensch, Attorney.
9-26 and 10-3-10-17-1907

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned auditor having been appointed by the Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Frank Ikeler and Harvey I. Gingles, Executors of the estate of William Gingles, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, as shown by their third and partial account, will sit at the law offices of Fred T. Ikeler, Esq., in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, October 22nd, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, and all those having claims are requested to present same or be forever debarred from coming in upon said estate.

9-19-5t C. A. SMALL, Auditor.

A Story of Victor Hugo.

Victor Hugo, as is well known, was a man of exceeding vanity; he had a sense of his own importance which often manifested itself in ridiculous ways. During the siege of Paris, in 1871, a number of political and literary men were dining one evening at his house. The conversation, naturally, turned on the horrors of the siege, and the members of the party gave their respective ideas as to the best means of terminating it. Suddenly Victor Hugo had an inspiration. "I know how to do it," he said, with such conviction that everyone was filled with expectation.

"Yes," he continued; "to-morrow, I, Victor Hugo, dressed in my national costume, will go forth all alone, unarmed, and meet the bullets of tthe enemy. I shall be killed, and the siege will be over!"

"Over for you," irreverently interrupted one of the company.

Victor Hugo's brow took on an Olympian frown. Never again did the unhappy interrupter receive an invitation to the table of the poet.—Harper's Weekly.

Queen Alexandras Charm.

Queen Alexandra of England has lost little of her early vivacity and charm. Her laugh has the insouciance of a young girl, and her frank enjoyment is a pleasure to look on. This is the more remarkable because her life has been by no means free from care or sorrow, but the true secret is she possesses one of those bright sunny natures on which shadows do not linger long. In this she is to be envied by her daughters not one of whom possesses it in the same degree.

His Gold Discovery.

That it is a good deal of a strain on the nerves to discover gold is shown by the story of an Australian official, who wanted to telegraph the news of the finding of the precious metal in his district. A small boy, seeking for a stone to throw at a crow, had picked up what proved to be a nugget of pure gold. In his excitement the official overlooked the main point entirely and wrote this: "Boy picked up a stone to throw at a crow," and nothing more.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

BALTIMORE OLD HOME WEEK.

Maryland is sending invitations to her sons and daughters scattered everywhere to come to a grand reunion, and is making extensive preparations to give them when they come, a week of right royal entertainment.

New Baltimore, sprung Phoenix-like from the ashes of the fire of 1904, will make of Old Home Week, October 13 to 19, one continual round of patriotic and civic display.

There will be an electrical pageant, a magnificent military and naval display, a gathering of patriotic societies, a parade and ball by the fraternal orders, a big concert, and a night carnival.

There will be also a special pilgrimage to Annapolis on "Peggy Stewart Day," Saturday, October 19, when visitors will have an opportunity to inspect the magnificent new buildings of the United States Naval Academy and the remodeled State House, so full of historic associations.

The Homecomers will have the advantage of specially low railroad rates. The Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore, October 12 to 14, good for return passage until October 21, inclusive, from all stations on its lines north and east of Shrewsbury, Principio, and Port Deposit, at a considerable reduction from the regular fare.

Every former Marylander, whose address is known will receive a special invitation, issued by Governor Warfield, and the whole week will thrill with the hospitality for which the Old Line State is so famous.

For exact rates, conditions of tickets, and train service, consult nearest Ticket Agents.

10-3-10-2t.

The Proof is in the Comparison.

Particular people whose pride of name and pride in product goes into their stationery have preferred Coupon Bond irrespective of price for over fifteen years.

Not the cheapening hurry of today but the old slow careful methods that make for fineness and permanence are still used in making COUPON BOND Its beautiful color and texture, its remarkable toughness and erasing qualities make it not only a distinctive paper—but the de luxe and incomparable paper for all business correspondence. Write your letters so that they will compel a reading—write them on

COUPON BOND

to strengthen their appeal and to reflect the high standing of your house. COUPON BOND costs no more than other good bond papers—but no other bond paper will serve you as well.

American Writing Paper Co.,

Largest Manufacturers of the Commercial Paper in the World. 29 Mills. **Holyoke, Mass.**

COUPON BOND

is handled by the

Columbian Printing House, Bloomsburg

Where Samples can be seen.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Knt Building, Coust House Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
I Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg National Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
REAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE and REALESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corne Main and Centre Sts.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies there are in the World and all loses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

DR. W. H. HOUSE
SURGEON DENTIST
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mar
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All styles of work done in a superior manner
All work warranted as represented
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted
Open all hours during the day

DR. M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
Crown and bridge work a specialty
Corner Main and Centre streets
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours 10 to 8 Telephone

J. S. JOHN M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office :—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, rooms, hot and cold water, and modern c veniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPH
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURG
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th S
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5.30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
Fire Insurance Agent.
Represents twelve of the strongest co panies in the world, among which are
Franklin of Phila. Penn'a., Ph
Queen, of N. Y. Westchester, N
North e ica, Phila.
Office: Clark Building, 2nd Flo

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER. 10, 1907

TWO-CENT RATE.

Proposition is Getting Some Hard Knocks.

The movement for two-cent a mile fare laws is receiving a number of hard knocks in different parts of the country. First Governor Hughes vetoed a two-cent fare bill in the State of New York. This has been followed by a decision in Pennsylvania, holding that the new two-cent fare law in that state was unconstitutional. Now the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce declares that Ohio's two-cent rate law is a failure and that the business men of that city will try to have it repealed at the next session of the Legislature. Another knock at the two-cent a mile fare idea was given by Judge Shull, of the Perry county court, in Pennsylvania. This case is of large interest because the working of the two-cent fare law would have practically confiscated the entire property of the Susquehanna River & Western Railroad. The railroad is only thirteen and one-half miles long and is capitalized at $150,000 of stock and $150,000 of bonds. It was shown that the earnings of the company would be insufficient to meet the interest charges if a passenger fare rate of two cents a mile was imposed. Judge Shull declared that compliance with the statute would mean the robbing of the stockholders of their securities, while the community would be deprived of the facilities of the railroad, which simply couldn't obey the law and do business.

THE APPLE CROP.

One of Farm's Most Valuable Products.

In an article on Pennsylvania Orchards the Scranton *Tribune* very justly says: "In spite of the fact that the finest apples in the world may be grown in this state, the Pennsylvania farmer as a rule takes the least trouble to develop his resources. How often, in driving through the country in springtime, one may see an agriculturist following the plough through a field of sickly-looking corn that will yield scarcely nothing save stalks, allowing the magnificent orchards planted by his grandfather to go to decay, while the promising fruit is left to the ravages of insects. By lack of proper pruning and through neglect in destroying worms' nests in early spring, many noble trees that would bear bushels of luscious fruit each year, yield comparatively nothing. Many farmers, who would be insulted if any one would intimate that they are not thrifty, allow golden opportunities for profit to slip by each season by failure to give enough attention to their fruit trees."

The Merry Opera of "The Toymakers."

That celebrated company of merry-makers, "The Jollities" will soon be the attraction at the Grand Opera House and it is predicted that no one in this town will miss "The Toy-makers" that new side-splitting, musical absurdity which was written by Charles Felton Pidgin the author of that famous book "Quincy Adams Sawyer" which was read and talked about as "the best New England story ever written." Mr. Pidgin has written both book and play and every one should read this amusing story if possible before seeing "The Toymakers." Years ago in Merry England "The Toymakers of Nurenberg" was adapted from the German and under the name of "Dolly" was sung by Mmme. Rudersdorf the gifted mother of Richard Mansfield, making a great success over there. Now Mr. Pidgin is Chief of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics, he is simply brimming over with fun and dry humor which he knows how to serve up to the public in a most satisfying manner.

The date of the production of "The Toymakers," is Thursday Nov. 21 and it will be given at the Opera House for one night only. The story tells of a wonderful doll invented by "John Stubbs Senior" and brought to life by electricity through many curious and comical adventures and puts the audience in great good humor. Twenty-six new musical lyrics make up this clever comic opera, full of melody which were written by Charles D. Blake and John A. Bennett. New costumes and beautiful scenery were designed especially for "The Jollities" who give a clean, unhackneyed evening's entertainment in this jolly opera "The Toymakers."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has surpassed all other medicines, in merit, sales and cures.

Its success, great as it has been, has apparently only just begun.

It has received by actual count more than 40,000 testimonials in two years.

It purifies the blood, cures all blood diseases, all humors and all eruptions.

It strengthens the stomach, creates an appetite and builds up the whole system.

It cures that tired feeling and makes the weak strong.

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

THE MARRYING OF TEACHERS.

A Newspaper Discusses Much Talked of Subject and Arrives at Favorable Conclusion.

In an article dwelling upon the idea that seems to be growing that female school teachers should not marry, the Scranton *Republican* says: "The average young woman grows up with the idea that some time during her life she will meet some man in whose keeping she will give her life as well as her trust and affections. The teacher does not differ from other young women in this respect. Sometimes, like other girls, she meets with disappointment, she goes through life a Jill who has never been claimed by her Jack. But ordinarily some period of her life will bring to her a member of the opposite sex who will claim her and she finds that she possesses neither the strength nor the desire to say him nay. So there is another vacancy among the teaching positions, and another woman steps forward to take the place that has been left open. For what? To live and die an old maid, happy and contented? Not by a long sight. To live her life just the same as other women do, and to love and marry a man provided that the right one sees and proposes to her."

May Seize Jamestown Fair.

Government May Run It to Regain Its $1,000,000 Loan.

There is a strong possibility, says a Washington dispatch, that in the near future the Federal Government will take charge of the Jamestown Exposition and run it, with a view of securing the return of as large a slice as possible of the $1,000,000 loan which Congress gave to the Exposition Company.

The Exposition Company has repaid to the Government only a little more than $100,000, and there is no possibility that the company will be able to repay the Government in full.

The receipts at present are only about $10,000 a day on the average and even this estimate may be high. The Exposition managers count on an attendance of 15,000 a day, and the average per capita is something like 70 cents. The attendance may decrease next month, and the Exposition will end on November 30. Under the law authorizing the Government loan there is a lien on the gate receipts and those from concessions only.

Alvah H. Martin, elected by the Board of Directors to succeed J. M. Barr as director general of the Jamestown Exposition, has assumed the duties of executive head of the ter-centennial.

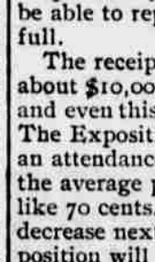
Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

Delegate to W. C. T. U. Convention.

Mrs. L. E. Whary left last Thursday morning for Buffalo, N. Y., where she attended a convention of the W. C. T. U. as a delegate from the local branch. She also attended a convention of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist church in the same city.

SKIN ERUPTIONS.



Many persons are much annoyed by prickly heat, hives, boils and other skin eruptions, often attended by painful itching and burning, and sometimes becoming obstinate and unsightly sores. Corpulent people are especially subject to these maddening inflections all caused by impure blood. Scrofula, Cancer and all other skin diseases arise from an impure state of the blood.

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

If taken when these symptoms first appear, will prevent serious consequences. It strikes at the cause of the trouble, by gently opening the bowels, toning the stomach, stimulating the kidneys and liver to do their important work, and ending in setting up a healthy action of the system. It may be accepted as a cure for all derangements springing from impure blood. Fever and Ague, Malaria, Rheumatic Gout, and all urinary derangements rapidly improve under the same treatment. If you have indigestion, disordered liver, no appetite, constipation, feverish skin, take Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy without delay. Keep it in the house when you are home, and with you on journeys. Large bottles $1.00. All druggists.

Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N.Y., for free sample bottle and medical booklet. Mention this paper when you write.

WOMEN SILK RAISERS

A WORK THAT FARMERS' WIVES FIND PROFITABLE.

Experience of An Alabama Woman With An Ounce of Eggs and Five Mulberry Trees As a Starter—Require Care in Feeding.

"My eldest daughter paid her own way through college with money made by raising silkworms," said Mrs. Mary S. Graham of Alabama when asked to give her experience in raising silk for market. "I gave her a thousand silkworm eggs when she was 12 years old and from them she made the money to pay her expenses at college.

"My own experience with silk raising began when my daughter, who is my eldest child, was 10 years old. My husband sold his farm in Connecticut and moved to Alabama. On our new farm there were six splendid mulberry trees. From one of our neighbors I learned that they had been planted by the former owner of the farm at the time when the Government was offering some sort of bounty for silkworm culture. She told me that at one time there had been quite a number of mulberry orchards in the neighborhood.

"My first step was to write to the Congressman from that district asking for any reports on the subject that the Government had published. I also wrote an old school friend in Boston to send me any book or magazine article that she could find. That winter I devoted all my spare time to reading up on the subject and making preparations.

"Along in February, I think it was, I bought an ounce of silkworm eggs. The cost when they reached me was just $5. Quite a high price, as I have since learned, but as they were guaranteed and proved all that was claimed for them I have never felt that I had any cause to complain. These eggs I kept in a cool place in my cellar until the mulberry trees began to show their first leaves. Then I got out my eggs and put them in my incubator, just the ordinary chicken incubator. I treated the worm eggs pretty much as I had chicken eggs, kept the air moist and the heat regulated.

"The time for hatching is early in the morning, usually between 5 and 8 o'clock. As I am a farmer's wife and have to rise early, that time suits me very well. Each day's hatch should be kept separate, as the worms will moult differently. Eggs not hatched on the third day should be thrown away, as the worms that come from them will be weak, unhealthy and often die before they reach their second moult. There are five of these moultings and each separates what we worm cultivators call the ages of the silkworm.

"During the first age worms should be fed every hour during the day. The mulberry leaves should be young and should be finely chopped. After the first moulting they should have about five meals a day and the leaves need not be chopped. If one has the time and wishes to chop the leaves it may be done, but I stopped chopping mine after the first age fully five years ago. The result has been entirely satisfactory. After each moult, as the worms grow very rapidly they will have to be spread out.

"There are two points about which all who wish to grow silk worms must be particular. Worms must be kept with scrupulous cleanliness and must have plenty of room. Perhaps I should add that they must also have plenty of fresh air, but I think that is understood to be essential to the well being of all animal life. After the fourth moult the appetite of the silk worm can only be described by the word voracious. As they are only machines for producing silk and the more they eat the more silk they make I have always been careful to satisfy their appetites. That first year I had to call on the mulberry trees of my neighbors to help me do it, but I pulled through and the result was so satisfactory that since then I have always made a point of being prepared.

"I have found it best to raise my own eggs so for that purpose I always select a number of the largest and best cocoons and allow the moth to mature. It takes about two hundred cocoons to produce an ounce of eggs.

"When reeling is done at home the cocoons must be put in hot water to loosen the gum which binds the filaments together. From twenty to thirty filaments are used to make one thread, so you may judge how fine and delicate they are. Wooden reels cost about $20 and the best metal reels $50. While reeling silk is not difficult it is delicate operation and requires considerable practice. Aside from chopping the mulberry leaves it is the only part of the work of silk culture that I have found tedious.

"I have never used hired help for growing this pin money crop as I always call it, so for that reason every dollar that I have made has been clear gain. I always calculate on making from $60 to $70 from every ounce of silkworm eggs.

Flavoring the Cakes.

Put an orange or a lemon in the jar or box with your newly -made sweet cakes or cookies and you will find it will give them a delicate and delicious flavor. Dried orange or lemon peel will do the same.

WORLD'S BUSIEST STREET.

West Street, New York City, a Torrent of Traffic.

Manhattan Island has thirty-two miles of water front, and the city of New York derives, approximately, $3,500,000 yearly in rentals from its docks and ferries. Of this great revenue the West Street section, from the Battery to and including the new marginal street which extends from Gansevoort Street to Twenty-third Street, yields almost two-thirds says Leslie's Weekly. In this section the Pennsylvania Railroad Company alone pays the city more than $223,000 a year for the privilege of maintaining its freight and passenger terminals. The White Star Steamship Company is paying $85,000 apiece yearly for two piers. These figures give an idea of the great value of pier privileges along West Street.

It is practically an impossibility to give accurate figures as to the number of passengers and the amount of freight handled by the various transportation companies which touch West Street because no such compilation has been made. Take the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. During each twenty-four hour period 170 trains arrive from the west at its Jersey City terminal, and all the passengers are bound for New York. In a rush hour one day a conductor and his assistants counted 4,800 persons on a single train. In the month of October, 1905, the Market Street (Newark) ticket office of the Pennsylvania sold 82,000 round-trip tickets, to say nothing of the one-way fares. All these people cross West Street on their way to the city, and the figures given suggest but imperfectly the heavy travel from all sources which is focused on this busy section.

A stroll along West Street will prove interesting to all lovers of the picturesque. Pier 1, near the beginning of the street at historic old Whitehall, is the landing place for fruit steamers. Here, on certain days, trucks are lined up by the hundreds, and there is a scene of marvellous activity when the work of unloading begins. Within an hour after the steamer reaches the pier the truck loads of fruit are being hurried to various distributing points and sent to all parts of the east. Monday is "commercial travellers' day," when thousands of wide awake salesmen may be seen hurrying to the ferries on their way to catch early trains. The arrival or departure of a great ocean liner is always an inspiring sight, and such happenings occur daily at the West Street piers. Oddly enough the only street cars which run along this broad thoroughfare are pulled by horses, and the "belt line" tracks and antiquated equipment remain as a relic of the days before New York "grew up." At night the scene on West Street is an animated one. The flickering lights against the straggling rows of buildings along the water front make a unique setting for the motley throngs of pedestrians hurrying homeward, the roistering longshoremen and shouting truckmen and the whole presents a picture of New York life which is not soon forgotten.

West Street proper is 70 feet wide. The department of docks and ferries had added 180 feet to this for the entire length, and in many places the thoroughfare has been extended in width to 400 feet. When the Dutch occupied the quaint village of the lower end of the island, in 1626, the high-water line was at a point 125 feet west of Broadway—about the present east line of Greenwich Street. Low-water line was at Washington Street (then known as "Low-Water" street), and West Street was the old bulkhead line. It is difficult to conceive of the loneliness and solitude of the Hudson river shore at [illegible] time, when its waters washed the forested palisade just west of where the new and magnificent customs house now stands. In 1723 the "streets under the water" were ordered surveyed by the town aldermen. The same ordinance which gave being to Greenwich and Washington streets made a beginning of the vast array of wharves which now line the shore and provided for filling in the land to form the present great thoroughfare known as West Street.

Weather Proverbs.

The absence of dew for three days indicates rain. Heavy dew indicates fair weather. Clouds with dew indicate rain. If there is a heavy dew and it soon dries, expect fine weather; if it lies long on the grass, expect rain in twenty-four hours.

With dew before midnight, the next day will surely be bright. If you wet your feet with the dew in the morning, you may keep them dry for the rest of the day.

If it rains before seven, 'twill clear before eleven. Rains from the south prevent drought, but rains from the west are always best. If it rains before sunrise, expect a fair afternoon. If it rains when the sun shines, it will rain the next day. Rain likely to commence on the turn of the tide.

Marry the rain to the wind and you have a calm. If rain commences before daylight, it will hold up before 8 A. M.; if it begins about noon, it will continue through the afternoon; if it commences after 9 P. M., it will rain the next day; if the wind is from the northwest or southwest, the storm will be short; if from the northeast, it will be a hard one.

It is estimated that a penny changes hands 125,000 times in its life

Extraordinary Announcement!

Genuine Clean Sweep Sale

Is Now Drawing Crowds

FROM MILES AROUND.

Overshadowing All Previous Efforts.

Come and See the Excitement.

R. E. Hartman,

SUCCESSOR TO I. W. HARTMAN & SON

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND WHISKEY

Fine quality.

Full measure.

Fair price.

Full guarantee.

A. P. WARD & CO.,

Sole Propr's.,

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

NOW IS THE TIME

of year when you think of cleaning house, also of cleaning up the rubbish and foul matter which has accumulated about your premises, to guard against sickness, but do you ever give the second thought to the old built-in unsanitary Plumbing Fixtures which breed disease right in your own houses. If you think of installing

NEW FIXTURES

I am ready to quote you good prices on *STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO'S Enamel Goods*, all fully guaranteed.

of Plumbing and Heating Promptly Attended to.

P. M. REILLY,

438 Centre St. Bell 'Phone

PHOTOS

For the Satisfactory Kind in Up-to-date Styles, go to

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartmar 's Store)

BLOOMSBURG PA.

WE ARE SHOWING

NEW FALL SHOES For Women.

These cool nights and fresh breezes remind us that it's time to lay the oxfords away and get into shoes once more. We have many new lasts and attractive features in the John Kelly

FALL LINE FOR WOMEN

$3, $3.50 and $4

Make your selection before sizes are broken.

W. H. MOORE,

Corner Main and Iron Sts., BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO., AND BOWLBY.

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

WASH MACHINES

Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

J. SALTZER,

Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market. BLOOMSBURG, PA

WHY WE LAUGH.

"A Little Nonsense Now and Then, Is Relished by the Wisest Men."

Judge's Quarterly, $1.00 a year
Judge's Library, $1.00 a year
Sis Hopkins' Mon., $1.00 a year

On receipt of **Twenty Cents**, we will enter your name for three months' trial subscription for either of these bright, witty, and humorous journals, or for **One Dollar** will add **Leslie's Weekly** or **Judge** for the same period of time. Address

Judge Company

225 Fourth Avenue New York

3-21